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Soggetti	Artificial intelligence Machine theory Computer networks Software engineering Application software Computer science Artificial Intelligence Formal Languages and Automata Theory Computer Communication Networks Software Engineering Computer and Information Systems Applications Computer Science Logic and Foundations of Programming
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Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Planning for Multiagent Using ASP-Prolog -- Expressing Properties of Resource-Bounded Systems: The Logics RTL * and RTL -- Reasoning about Multi-agent Domains Using Action Language : A Preliminary Study -- Model Checking Normative Agent Organisations --

Operational Semantics for BDI Modules in Multi-agent Programming --  
InstQL: A Query Language for Virtual Institutions Using Answer Set  
Programming -- Interacting Answer Sets -- Argumentation-Based  
Preference Modelling with Incomplete Information -- A  
Characterization of Mixed-Strategy Nash Equilibria in PCTL Augmented  
with a Cost Quantifier -- On the Implementation of Speculative  
Constraint Processing.

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Sommario/riassunto

These are the proceedings of the 10th International Workshop on Computational Logic in Multi-Agent Systems (CLIMA-X), held September 9-10, 2009 in Hamburg, co-located with MATES. The purpose of the CLIMA workshops is to provide a forum for discussing techniques, based on computational logic, for representing, in a formal way, programming and reasoning about agents and multi-agent systems. Multi-agent systems are communities of problem-solving entities that can perceive and act upon their environment in order to achieve both their individual goals and their joint goals. The work on such systems integrates many technologies and concepts from artificial intelligence and other areas of computing as well as other disciplines. Over recent years, the agent paradigm gained popularity, due to its applicability to a full spectrum of domains, such as search engines, recommendation systems, educational support, e-procurement, simulation and routing, electronic commerce and trade, etc. Computational logic provides a well-defined, general, and rigorous framework for studying the syntax, semantics and procedures for the various tasks in individual agents, as well as the interaction between, and integration among, agents in multi-agent systems. It also provides tools, techniques and standards for implementations and environments, for linking specifications to implementations, and for the verification of properties of individual agents, multi-agent systems and their implementations. These proceedings feature nine regular papers (from a total of 18 papers submitted), as well as one paper based on the invited talk given by Tran Cao Son. In the invited paper by Tran Cao Son, Enrico Pontelli, and Ngoc-Hieu Nguyen, "Planning for Multi-Agents Using ASP-Prolog," the action language B is extended to the multi-agent case. The used technology is based on answer set programming. The contribution by Nils Bulling and Berndt Farwer on "Expressing Prop-

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