

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910307933203321
Titolo	Maarif mujallah-yi tahqiq
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Karaci, : Idarah-yi Maarif-i Islami
ISSN	2415-2315
Descrizione fisica	volumes ; ; 25 cm
Soggetti	Islam - Research - Pakistan Islam - Research Periodicals. Pakistan
Lingua di pubblicazione	Urdu
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Periodico
Sommario/riassunto	Research articles on Islam.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910254873303321
Autore	Sommer Maximilian
Titolo	A Feasible Basic Income Scheme for Germany : Effects on Labor Supply, Poverty, and Income Inequality / / by Maximilian Sommer
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2016
ISBN	3-319-24064-1
Edizione	[1st ed. 2016.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XXI, 198 p. 31 illus. in color.)
Collana	Contributions to Economics, , 1431-1933
Disciplina	339.20943
Soggetti	Social policy Labor economics Microeconomics Public finance Social Policy Labor Economics Public Economics
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters.
Nota di contenuto	Introduction -- The Normative Argument for an Unconditional Basic Income -- Implementation of a Basic Income by a Negative Income Tax -- A Negative Income Tax Proposal for Germany -- Modeling Political Reforms: The Discrete Approach to Labor Supply -- Implications on the Proposed Basic Income Reform.
Sommario/riassunto	This book analyzes the consequences that would arise if Germany's means-tested unemployment benefits were replaced with an unconditional basic income. The basic income scheme introduced is based on a negative income tax and calibrated to be both financially feasible and compatible with current constitutional legislation. Using data from the German Socio-Economic Panel (GSOEP) the author examines the impact of the reform on the household labor supply as well as on both poverty and inequality measures. It is shown that by applying reasonable values for both the basic income and the implied marginal tax rate imposed on earned incomes, efficiency gains can be reconciled with generally accepted value statements. Furthermore, as

the proposal includes a universal basic income for families, child poverty could be reduced considerably. The estimates are based on the discrete choice approach to labor supply.

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910484744003321
Titolo	Advances in Intelligent Computing : International Conference on Intelligent Computing, ICIC 2005, Hefei, China, August 23-26, 2005, Proceedings, Part I // edited by De-Shuang Huang, Xiao-Ping Zhang, Guang-Bin Huang
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, Heidelberg : , : Springer Berlin Heidelberg : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2005
ISBN	3-540-31902-6 3-540-28226-2
Edizione	[1st ed. 2005.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XXVII, 1101 p.)
Collana	Theoretical Computer Science and General Issues, , 2512-2029 ; ; 3644
Altri autori (Persone)	HuangDe-Shuang ZhangXiao-Ping HuangGuang-Bin
Disciplina	006.3
Soggetti	Artificial intelligence Computer science Algorithms Computer vision Pattern recognition systems Evolution (Biology) Artificial Intelligence Theory of Computation Computer Vision Automated Pattern Recognition Evolutionary Biology
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Perceptual and Pattern Recognition -- Informatics Theories and

The International Conference on Intelligent Computing (ICIC) was set up as an annual forum dedicated to emerging and challenging topics in the various aspects of advances in computational intelligence fields, such as artificial intelligence, machine learning, bioinformatics, and computational biology, etc. The goal of this conference was to bring together researchers from academia and industry as well as practitioners to share ideas, problems and solutions related to the multifaceted aspects of intelligent computing. This book constitutes the proceedings of the International Conference on Intelligent Computing (ICIC 2005), held in Hefei, Anhui, China, during August 23–26, 2005. ICIC 2005 received over 2000 submissions from authors in 39 countries and regions. Based on rigorous peer reviews, the Program Committee selected 563 high-quality papers for presentation at ICIC 2005; of these, 215 papers were published in this book organized into 9 categories, and the other 348 papers were published in five international journals. The organizers of ICIC 2005 made great efforts to ensure the success of this conference. We here thank the members of the ICIC 2005 Advisory Committee for their guidance and advice, the members of the Program Committee and the referees for reviewing the papers, and the members of the Publication Committee for checking and compiling the papers. We would also like to thank the publisher, Springer, for their support in publishing the proceedings in the Lecture Notes in Computer Science series. Particularly, we would like to thank all the authors for contributing their papers.
