Record Nr. UNINA9910484381503321 Autore Weinreich-Zhao Tingting Titolo Chinese Merger Control Law: An Assessment of its Competition-Policy Orientation after the First Years of Application / / by Tingting Weinreich-Zhao Berlin, Heidelberg:,: Springer Berlin Heidelberg:,: Imprint: Springer, Pubbl/distr/stampa , 2015 3-662-43868-2 **ISBN** Edizione [1st ed. 2015.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (408 p.) Collana Munich Studies on Innovation and Competition, , 2199-7462;; 2 Disciplina 340 340.2 340.9 343.07 Soggetti Private international law Conflict of laws Globalization Markets International law Trade Private International Law, International & Foreign Law, Comparative Law **Emerging Markets/Globalization** International Economic Law, Trade Law Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references. Nota di contenuto 1. Introduction -- 2. Economic Background of Competition Policy in China -- 3. Historical Development of Chinese Merger Control Regime -- 4. Institutional Framework for Enforcement of the AML -- 5. Objectives and Policy Standards of Merger Control as Embodied in the AML -- 6. Overview of Published Decisions -- 7. Scope of Application of Merger Control Law -- 8. Merger Review Procedure -- 9. Substantive Merger Control Test -- 10. Outlook on Judicial Enforcement of Merger Control Law -- 11. Conclusion. Sommario/riassunto On 1 August 2008, the Chinese Anti-Monopoly Law entered into force,

introducing a comprehensive framework for competition law to the Chinese market. One set of the new rules pertains to merger control. China's Ministry of Commerce (MOFCOM) was nominated as the authority responsible for enforcing merger control in China, and has been actively doing so ever since. Recent years have established China as one of the most important merger filing jurisdictions for cross-border mergers alongside the EU and USA. This work evaluates the Chinese merger control law regime and MOFCOM's decision-making practice after more than five years of application. In particular, it assesses which policy goals (competition policy goals or industrial policy considerations) prevail in the written law and its application, and provides suggestions for a further improvement of the law – with the aim to develop a transparent merger control regime that promotes long-term economic growth in China.