F	Record Nr.	UNINA9910484379403321
1	Autore	Hoggart Keith
	Fitolo	A Contrived Countryside : The Governance of Rural Housing in England 1900–74 / / by Keith Hoggart
F	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2021
I	SBN	3-030-62651-2
E	Edizione	[1st ed. 2021.]
[Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (575 pages)
(Collana	Local and Urban Governance, , 2524-5457
[Disciplina	301.54 363.50941091734
	Soggetti	Political planning Human geography Political science Property Common law Great Britain - History Public Policy Human Geography Governance and Government Common Property and Land Law History of Britain and Ireland
ι	ingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
F	Formato	Materiale a stampa
j	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
1	Nota di contenuto	Preface Acknowledgments Chapter 1. Governance and Rural Transformation: An Investigative Approach Chapter 2. Governance and Rural Transformation: An Investigative Approach Chapter 3. Rural Exceptionalism?: Local Leader Priorities for Country Homes Chapter 4. Uneven Demand: Depopulation, Repopulation and Housing Pressure Chapter 5. The English Disease: Capacity and Capability for Housing Improvement Chapter 6. A Subservient Countryside: National Priorities and Housing Chapter 7. Rural Implementation: Frustration, Challenge and Compromise as Housing Realities Chapter 8. The Political Economy of English Rural Housing.

This book shows how governance regimes before the 1970s suppressed rural prospects of housing improvement and created conditions for middle-class capture. Using original archival sources to reveal the intricacies of local and national policy processes, weak rural housing performances are shown to owe more to national governance regimes than local under-performance. Looking `behind the scenes' at policy processes highlights neglected principles in national governance, and shows how investigating rural housing is fundamental to understanding the national scene. With original insights and a new analytical perspective, this volume offers evidence and conclusions that challenge mainstream assumptions in public policy, housing, rural studies and planning.