Record Nr. UNINA9910483253203321 Autore D'Agostino Elena Titolo Contracts of Adhesion Between Law and Economics: Rethinking the Unconscionability Doctrine / / by Elena D'Agostino Pubbl/distr/stampa Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2015 **ISBN** 3-319-13114-1 Edizione [1st ed. 2015.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (84 p.) Collana SpringerBriefs in Law, , 2192-8568 Disciplina 346.402 Soggetti Law - Philosophy Law - History Law and economics International law Trade regulation Law - Europe Private international law Conflict of laws Comparative law Theories of Law, Philosophy of Law, Legal History Law and Economics International Economic Law, Trade Law **European Law** Private International Law, International and Foreign Law, Comparative Law Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Includes bibliographical references. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto 1. The Unconscionability Doctrine in a Law & Economics Perspective --2. Market structure -- 3. Lack of sophistication -- 4. Voluntary Disclosure of Clauses -- 5. Public Intervention -- 6. Concluding remarks. Sommario/riassunto This book examines the most controversial issues concerning the use of pre-drafted clauses in fine print, which are usually included in

consumer contracts and presented to consumers on a take-it-or-

leave-it basis. By applying a multi-disciplinary approach that combines consumer's psychology and seller's drafting power in the logic of efficiency and good faith, the book provides a fresh and unconventional analysis of the existing literature, both theoretical and empirical. Moving from the unconscionability doctrine, it criticizes (and in some cases refutes) its main conclusions based on criteria which are usually invoked to sustain the need for public intervention to protect consumers, and specifically related to Law (contract complexity), Psychology (consumer lack of sophistication criterion) and Economics (market structure criterion). It also analyzes the effects of different regulations, such as banning vexatious clauses or mandating disclosure clauses, showing that none of them protect consumers, but in fact prove to be harmful when consumers are more vulnerable, that is whenever sellers can exploit some degree of market power. In closing, the book combines these disparate aspects, arguing that the solution (if any) to the problem of consumer exploitation and market inefficiency associated with the use of contracts of adhesion in these contexts cannot be found in removing or prohibiting hidden clauses, but instead has to take into account the effects of these clauses on the contract as a whole.