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| 1. Record Nr. | UNISA990001605420203316 |
| Autore | FEHR, Karl |
| Titolo | Jeremias Gotthelf : (Albert Bitzius) / Karl Fehr |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Stuttgart : Metzler, 1967 |
| Descrizione fisica | VIII, 104 p. ; 19 cm |
| Collocazione | VII.2. Coll.5/ 17(II t D 26/18) |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Tedesco |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
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| 2. Record Nr. | UNINA9910481107503321 |
| Autore | Filelfo Francesco <1398-1481.> |
| Titolo | Odae [[electronic resource]] |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Brescia, : Angelo Britannico, 1497 |
| Descrizione fisica | Online resource (v.) |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Latino |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Reproduction of original in Biblioteca Nazionale Centrale di Firenze. |

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910959448403321
Titolo	Building peace in South East Europe : macroeconomic policies and structural reforms since the Kosovo conflict / / Dimitri G. Demekas...[et al.]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C., : The World Bank, 2002
ISBN	1-280-08788-9 9786610087884 0-585-45847-2
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	v, 38 pages ; ; 28 cm
Altri autori (Persone)	DemekasDimitri G
Disciplina	339.5/09496
Soggetti	Yugoslav War, 1991-1995 - Economic aspects Balkan Peninsula Economic conditions Congresses Balkan Peninsula Economic policy Congresses
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"A joint World Bank-International Monetary Fund paper for the Second Regional Conference for South East Europe, Bucharest,25-26 October, 2001."
Nota di contenuto	Intro -- Contents.
Sommario/riassunto	A copublication of the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund; Prior to the eruption of the Kosovo conflict in the spring of 1999, the countries of South Eastern Europe - Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, FYR Macedonia, Romania, and FR Yugoslavia - were lagging behind those of Central Europe and the Baltics from an economic and governance perspective. Although short lived, the crisis threatened all countries in the region and thus, it became a defining moment for them. The approach developed by the international community in response to the crises, was a fully integrated one, which included reconstruction and economic prosperity for the entire region. This paper documents the progress made by the region in terms of economic growth and government reform. It acknowledges the positive impact of the donor community upon this progress and points out that ongoing progress depends upon effective governance and policy development from the authorities in the region. This is critical to

bringing private investment into the region.
