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Autore	Ashline George Lawrence <1967->
Titolo	The defect relation of meromorphic maps on parabolic manifolds // George Lawrence Ashline
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Providence, Rhode Island : , : American Mathematical Society, , [1999] ©1999
ISBN	1-4704-0254-8
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (95 p.)
Collana	Memoirs of the American Mathematical Society, , 0065-9266 ; ; number 665
Disciplina	510 s 515/.982
Soggetti	Value distribution theory Functions, Meromorphic Mappings (Mathematics) Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"May 1999, volume 139, number 665 (fourth of 5 numbers)."
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages 77-78).
Nota di contenuto	""Contents""; ""Abstract""; ""Notation""; ""Introduction""; ""Chapter 1""; ""1.1 Parabolic manifolds and the Ricci functions""; ""1.2 Jacobian sections for complex manifolds""; ""1.3 Preparations""; ""Chapter 2""; ""2.1 Lemma of the logarithmic derivative on parabolic manifolds""; ""Chapter 3""; ""3.1 Fields and vector spaces of meromorphic maps""; ""3.2 Steinmetz map and automorphisms of $Z(p)$ ""; ""Chapter 4""; ""4.1 Important lemmata""; ""4.2 Main identity""; ""4.3 Functions $6a$ and $A$ ""; ""4.4 Product to sum estimates""; ""4.5 Moving targets and the defect relation""; ""Bibliography""

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910404088903321
Autore	Mattiello Silvana
Titolo	Positive Aspects of Animal Welfare
Pubbl/distr/stampa	MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2020
ISBN	3-03928-533-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (180 p.)
Soggetti	Biology, life sciences
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	<p>Comfort during resting, half-closed eyes when feeding on highly palatable feed, or vigorous tail wagging when being brushed are some of the positive indicators that can be used to evaluate the quality of the environment in which domestic animals live. This has been a radical shift from the past as, until now, the welfare assessment on farms has meant assessing negative indicators, namely the number of lame animals, presence of lesions, or frequency of agonistic behaviours. However, the latest research confirms that the absence of a problem or of suffering does not necessarily imply that the animals are experiencing a good life and that their level of welfare is high. To guarantee high welfare standards, animals should experience positive conditions that allow them to live a "life worth living", and positive indicators are needed to identify these conditions. This Special Issue focuses on the development and validation of indicators of positive welfare or on the refinement of the existing ones, as well as on the identification of suitable living conditions for providing positive welfare to farmed and companion animals.</p>