1. Record Nr. UNINA9910480454203321 Autore Gleason William A. Titolo Sites Unseen: Architecture, Race, and American Literature / / William A. Gleason Pubbl/distr/stampa New York, NY:,: New York University Press,, [2011] ©2011 **ISBN** 0-8147-3327-1 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (286 p.) Collana America and the Long 19th Century;; 23 Disciplina 810.9357 Soggetti American literature - 20th century - History and criticism Architecture and literature Race in literature Architecture in literature American literature - 19th century - History and criticism Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 241-257) and index. Front matter -- Contents -- List of Illustrations -- Acknowledgments Nota di contenuto -- Introduction. Race, Writing, Architecture -- 1. Cottage Desire -- 2. Piazza Tales -- 3. Imperial Bungalow -- 4. Keyless Rooms -- Coda. Black Cabin, White House -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index -- About the Author Sommario/riassunto Sites Unseen examines the complex intertwining of race and architecture in nineteenth and early-twentieth century American culture, the period not only in which American architecture came of age professionally in the U.S. but also in which ideas about architecture became a prominent part of broader conversations about American culture, history, politics, and \$48212 although we have not yet understood this clearly \$\%#8212\text{race relations.} This rich and copiously illustrated interdisciplinary study explores the ways that American writing between roughly 1850 and 1930 concerned itself, often intensely, with the racial implications of architectural space primarily, but not exclusively, through domestic architecture. In addition to

identifying an archive of provocative primary materials, Sites Unseen

draws significantly on important recent scholarship in multiple fields ranging from literature, history, and material culture to architecture, cultural geography, and urban planning. Together the chapters interrogate a variety of expressive American vernacular forms, including the dialect tale, the novel of empire, letters, and pulp stories, along with the plantation cabin, the West Indian cottage, the Latin American plaza, and the "Oriental" parlor. These are some of the overlooked plots and structures that can and should inform a more comprehensive consideration of the literary and cultural meanings of American architecture. Making sense of the relations between architecture, race, and American writing of the long nineteenth century—in their regional, national, and hemispheric contexts—Sites Unseen provides a clearer view not only of this catalytic era but also more broadly of what architectural historian Dell Upton has aptly termed the social experience of the built environment.