Record Nr. UNINA9910480194003321 **Titolo** Genocide on settler frontiers: when hunter-gatherers and commercial stock farmers clash / / edited by Mohamed Adhikari Pubbl/distr/stampa New York, New York; ; Oxford, [England]:,: Berghahn Books,, 2015 ©2015 **ISBN** 1-78238-739-0 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (370 p.) Collana Studies on War and Genocide;; 22 967.57104 Disciplina Indigenous peoples - Violence against - History Soggetti Indigenous peoples - Violence against - South Africa - History Indigenous peoples - Violence against - Australia - History Genocide - South Africa - Cape of Good Hope - History Genocide - Australia - History Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Genocide on Settler Frontiers; Table of Contents; Acknowledgements; Notes in the Contributors: Chapter 1. 'We are Determined to Exterminate Them': The Genocidal Impetus Behind Commercial Stock Farmer Invasions of Hunter-Gatherer Territories: Chapter 2. 'The Bushman is a Wild Animal to be Shot at Sight': Annihilation of the Cape Colony's Foraging Societies by Stock-Farming Settlers in the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Centuries; Chapter 3. 'Like a Wild Beast, He Can be Got for the Catching': Child Forced Labour and the 'Taming' of the San along the Cape's North-Eastern Frontier, c.1806-1830 Chapter 4. 'We Exterminated Them, and Dr. Philip Gave the Country': The Grigua People and the Elimination of San from South Africa's Transorangia RegionChapter 5. Vogelfrei and Besitzlos, with no Concept of Property: Divergent Settler Responses to Bushmen and Damara in German South West Africa; Chapter 6. Why Racial Paternalism and not Genocide? The Case of the Ghanzi Bushmen of Bechuanaland; Chapter 7. The Destruction of Hunter-Gatherer Societies on the Pastoralist Frontier: The Cape and Australia Compared

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European colonial conquest included many instances of indigenous peoples being exterminated. Cases where invading commercial stock farmers clashed with hunter-gatherers were particularly destructive, often resulting in a degree of dispossession and slaughter that destroyed the ability of these societies to reproduce themselves. The experience of aboriginal peoples in the settler colonies of southern Africa, Australia, North America, and Latin America bears this out. The frequency with which encounters of this kind resulted in the annihilation of forager societies raises the question of whethe