1. Record Nr. UNINA9910479958403321 Autore Morrow Raymond Allen Titolo Critical theory and methodology [[electronic resource] /] / Raymond A. Morrow, with David D. Brown Thousand Oaks, Calif.; London,: SAGE, c1994 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-4522-4369-7 0-8039-4682-1 1-4522-5403-6 0-585-28256-0 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (390 p.) Collana Contemporary social theory;;3 BrownDavid D. <1954-> Altri autori (Persone) Disciplina 301/.01 Soggetti Critical theory Social sciences - Philosophy Sociology - Methodology Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 322-349) and index. Nota di contenuto Cover Page; Title; Copyright; Contents; Acknowledgments; Preface; Part I: Metatheory: Grounding Method; 1. Introduction: What Is Critical Theory?; Why Social Science?; Critical Theory as a Human Science; The Origins of Critical Theory; Contemporary Critical Theory; Critical Theory Now; Critiques of Critical Theory; An Agenda; 2. Foundations of Metatheory: Between Subjectivism and Objectivism; Approaching Methodology; Orienting Definitions; Basic Concepts of Metatheory; The Subjectivist-Objectivist Polarization in Metatheory: Three Approaches to Metatheory and Methodology; Conclusion 3. Postempiricist Critiques of Positivism and EmpiricismWhy the Critique of Positivism?; Positivist Philosophies of Science; Positivism in the Social Sciences; Postempiricism and the Rise of Antifoundationalism: Postempiricist Alternatives: The Critical Realist Theory of Science; Conclusion: Rethinking Reason; Part II: Critical Theory as a Research Program: 4. Early Critical Theory as a Research Program: A Historical Introduction; From Western Marxism to Critical

Theory; The Hermeneutic-Dialectical Tradition; Interdisciplinary

Materialism as a Research Program

An Emergent Alternative Research ProgramThe Decline of a Research Program: The Dialectic of Enlightenment; Conclusion: Beyond the Crisis; 5. Postempiricist Metatheory and the Human Sciences: Interim Developments; The Weberian Challenge; Action Theories; The (Post) Structuralist Revolution(s); French Social Theory; Critical Realism and the Social Sciences; Conclusion; 6. The Metatheory of Critical Theory: Beyond Objectivism and Relativism: Rethinking Critical Theory: Knowledge Interests: Quasi Transcendentalism; Theory of Communicative Action: Reconstructive Sciences Transcending the Subject-Object SplitConclusion; 7. Contemporary Critical Theory as a Research Program: Giddens and Habermas; Weak and Strong Research Programs for Critical Theory; Giddens: A Critique of Historical Materialism: Habermas: A Reconstruction of Historical Materialism; Complementary Critical Research Traditions; Conclusion; Part III: Critical Theory and Empirical Research; 8. Deconstructing the Conventional Discourse of Methodology: Quantitative Versus Qualitative Methods; The Conventional Methods Discourse; Critique of the Discourse; Disciplinary Interests and Two Research Logics A Taxonomy of Social Research Strategies The Investigative Concerns of Critical Theory; Conclusion; 9. Non-Empirical Methods: Reflexive Procedures; Logic as Rhetoric; Positivist Research and Non-Empirical Methods: Critical Theory and Non-Empirical Methods: Is There a Dialectical Method?; Conclusion; 10. Empirical Procedures in Critical Research; Explanation and Interpretation in Social Science; Intensive Research Designs: Narrative and Discourse Analysis; Conclusion; 11. Contexts of Critical Empirical Research; State and Economy; Cultural Theory; Social Psychology; Conclusion 12. Critical Social Science and Society: Theory and Practice

Sommario/riassunto

Raymond Morrow's book traces the history and outlines the major tenets of critical theory for an undergraduate audience. He exemplifies the theory through an analysis of two leading social theorists: Jurgen Habermas and Anthony Giddens. Specific to this volume is the emphasis on the link between critical theory and empirical research and social science methodology, often thought to be incompatible.