1. Record Nr. UNINA9910716827103321 Stewart Terence P. Autore **Titolo** China's compliance with World Trade Organization obligations: a review of China's first two years of membership; a report prepared for the U.S. -China Security and Economic Review Commission / / Terence P. Stewart Pubbl/distr/stampa Washington, DC:,: U.S.-China Security and Economic Review Commission, , 2004 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (iii, 243 pages) Foreign trade regulation - China Soggetti Tariff - Law and legislation - China China Commerce United States United States Commerce China Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali "A report prepared for the U.S.-China Security and Economic Review Commission." "March 19, 2004."

Includes bibliographical references.

Nota di bibliografia

Record Nr. UNINA9910346936903321 Autore Nagypál Gábor Titolo Possibly imperfect ontologies for effective information retrieval Pubbl/distr/stampa KIT Scientific Publishing, 2007 1000007206 **ISBN** Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (XIV, 272 p. p.) Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Sommario/riassunto Ontologies and semantic metadata can theoretically solve all problems of traditional full-text search engines. In practice, however, they are always imperfect. This work analyzed whether the negative effect of ontology imperfection is higher than the positive effect of exploiting the ontology features for IR. To answer this question, a complete ontology-based information retrieval system was implemented and thoroughly evaluated.

3. Record Nr. UNINA9910476928803321 Autore Rivera Godoy-Benesch Rahel Titolo The Production of Lateness: Old Age and Creativity in Contemporary Narrative Pubbl/distr/stampa Tubingen,: Narr Francke Attempto, 2020 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource Collana Schweizer Anglistische Arbeiten / Swiss Studies in English Soggetti Literature: history and criticism Music The Arts: treatments and subjects Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Sommario/riassunto This study examines how selected authors of the late 20th and early 21st centuries write about their creative processes in old age and thus purposefully produce a late style of their own. Late-life creativity has not always been viewed favourably. Prevalent "peak-and-decline" models suggest that artists, as they grow old, cease to produce highquality work. Aiming to counter such ageist discourses, the present study proposes a new ethics of reading literary texts by elderly authors. For this purpose, it develops a methodology that consolidates textual

analysis with cultural gerontology.

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Autore Fujii Yuki

Titolo Marine Glycomics

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Sommario/riassunto

Marine creatures are rich sources of glycoconjugate-containing glycans and have diversified structures. The advance of genomics has provided a valuable clue for their production and developments. This information will encourage breeding and engineering functional polysaccharides with slime ingredients in algae. These glycans will have the potential for applications to antioxidant, anticancer, and antimicrobial drugs in addition to health supplements and cosmetics. The combination of both biochemical and transcriptome approaches of marine creatures will lead to the opportunity to discover new activities of proteins such as glycan-relating enzymes and lectins. These proteins will also be used for experimental and medical purposes, such as diagnostics and trial studies. The topic of marine glycomics is also focusing on understanding the physiological properties of marine creatures, such as body defense against pathogens and cancers. In the competitions for natural selection, living creatures have evolved both their glycans and their recognition. They have primitive systems of immunity, and few of their mechanisms are closely related to glycans. If we are able to describe the accumulation of data of glycans of creatures living in the seashore and the oceans, we may be able to anticipate a time when we can talk about the ecosystem with glycans. That knowledge will be useful for the development of drugs that cure our diseases and for an understanding of living systems in addition to the preservation of living