Record Nr. UNINA9910476833903321 Inequality in the developing world / / edited by Carlos Gradin, Murray **Titolo** Leibbrandt, and Finn Tarp [[electronic resource]] Pubbl/distr/stampa Oxford:,: Oxford University Press,, 2021 **ISBN** 0-19-189624-1 0-19-260940-8 0-19-260939-4 Edizione [First edition.] 1 online resource (384 pages): illustrations (black and white), maps Descrizione fisica (colour) Collana **UNU-WIDER** studies in development economics Oxford scholarship online 330.91724 Disciplina Soggetti Equality - Developing countries Income distribution - Developing countries Social mobility - Developing countries Developing countries Economic conditions Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali This edition also issued in print: 2021. "This is an open access publication. Except where otherwise noted, this work is distributed under the terms of a Creative Commons Attribution-Non Commercial-Share Alike 3.0 IGO licence (CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO)"--Home page. Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Intro -- Halftitle page -- Series page -- Title page -- Copyright page -- Foreword -- Acknowledgements -- Contents -- List of Figures --List of Tables -- List of Abbreviations -- Notes on Contributors -- Part I. Introduction -- 1. Setting the Scene -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Global Inequality and Inequality within Countries -- 3 Inequality in Five Developing Giants -- 4 Inequality in a Broader Context -- Part II. Global Inequality and Inequality Within Countries -- 2. What Might Explain Today's Conflicting Narratives on Global Inequality? -- 1 Introduction -- 2 An Overview of the Evidence on Global Income Inequality -- 3 Data Concerns -- 4 Ethical Aversion to Extremes in Either Tail -- 5 Absolute Inequality -- 6 Conclusions -- 3. Comparing Global Inequality of

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Inequality has emerged as a key development challenge. It holds implications for economic growth and redistribution and translates into power asymmetries that can endanger human rights, create conflict, and embed social exclusion and chronic poverty. For these reasons, it underpins intense public and academic debates and has become a dominant policy concern within many countries and in all multilateral agencies. It is at the core of the 17 goals of the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. This book contributes to this important discussion by presenting assessments of the measurement and analysis of global inequality by leading inequality scholars, aligning these to comprehensive reviews of inequality trends in five of the world's largest developing countries - Brazil, China, India, Mexico, and South Africa.