1. Record Nr. UNINA9910473455403321 Autore van Ham Maarten **Titolo** Urban Socio-Economic Segregation and Income Inequality: A Global Perspective Pubbl/distr/stampa Springer Nature, 2021 Cham:,: Springer International Publishing AG,, 2021 ©2021 **ISBN** 3-030-64569-X Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (518 pages) Collana The Urban Book **TammaruTiit** Altri autori (Persone) UbarevicieneRuta JanssenHeleen Soggetti Urban & municipal planning Social issues & processes Economic geography Sociology: work & labour Human geography Population & demography Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di contenuto Intro -- Preface -- Contents -- Editors and Contributors -- Part I Introduction -- 1 Rising Inequalities and a Changing Social Geography of Cities. An Introduction to the Global Segregation Book -- 1.1 Introduction -- 1.2 Approach and Justification -- 1.3 Income Inequality and Segregation -- 1.4 Main Results in Five Conclusions -- 1.5 A Global Segregation Thesis -- Appendix 1: Guidelines for Authors, Data, and Methods -- Appendix 2: Summary Table of Data Used for Each Case Study City -- Appendix 3: Occupational Structure

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Sommario/riassunto

This open access book investigates the link between income inequality and socio-economic residential segregation in 24 large urban regions in Africa, Asia, Australia, Europe, North America, and South America. It offers a unique global overview of segregation trends based on case studies by local author teams. The book shows important global trends in segregation, and proposes a Global Segregation Thesis. Rising inequalities lead to rising levels of socio-economic segregation almost everywhere in the world. Levels of inequality and segregation are higher in cities in lower income countries, but the growth in inequality and segregation is faster in cities in high-income countries. This is causing convergence of segregation trends. Professionalisation of the workforce is leading to changing residential patterns. High-income workers are moving to city centres or to attractive coastal areas and gated communities, while poverty is increasingly suburbanising. As a result, the urban geography of inequality changes faster and is more pronounced than changes in segregation levels. Rising levels of inequality and segregation pose huge challenges for the future social sustainability of cities, as cities are no longer places of opportunities for all.