

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910468041203321
Autore	Fiore Lisa B. <1970->
Titolo	Successful centers : standards-based learning centers that work / / author, Lisa B. Fiore, Ph. D
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Huntington Beach, California : , : Shell Education, , [2014] ©2014
ISBN	1-4258-9633-2
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (208 pages) : illustrations
Disciplina	372.13
Soggetti	Classroom learning centers Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910780104103321
Autore	Dawa Norbu <1949, >
Titolo	Culture and the politics of Third World nationalism // Dawa Norbu
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; ; New York : , : Routledge, , 1992
ISBN	1-134-89547-X 1-134-89548-8 1-280-07068-4 0-585-44735-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (277 p.)
Disciplina	320.9172/4
Soggetti	Nationalism - Developing countries Political culture - Developing countries Developing countries Politics and government
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [240]-247) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Book Cover; Title; Contents; List of figures; List of tables; Preface: field experience and social theory; Introduction: western concepts and non-western realities; A critique of the Eurocentric theory of nationalism; Methodology for voluntaristic theory; Some correlates of the Third World concept; Towards a new definition of Third World nationalism; A sociological definition of nationalism; The stages of proto-nationalism: tribalism, ethnicity and patriotism; Political evolution and concomitant types of social consciousness; Patriotism and nationalism differentiated Political feudalism and state formation in the Third WorldSocial structure of the nation: the ordering principle of national attributes; Race and language as means of cultural differentiation; Society and nation; The pattern of nation formation in the Third World; The evolution of religious sects and the emergence of national identities; National identity in the context of multiple identities; The domestication of world religions and the origins of national identities; The sacralization of race and territory: clues to emotionalism in nationalism; Modern nationalism and egalitarian ideology Traditional and modern nationalisms differentiatedIntellectual mobilization and the diffusion of political consciousness in society;

Imperialism and the objectification of social self-hood; The politics of nationalism: mass mobilization, linguistic transformation and nationalist movements; Social carriers of nationalist ideas; Linguistic transformation and social communication; The state and national economy; Nationalist and social movements differentiated; The mechanism of mass mobilization: symbol manipulation and identity assertion; Brahminic symbols and Hindu nationalism
'The true Muslim' myth and Jihad in Arab nationalism
Uncertain counterracialism in African nationalism; Territoriality and power in Han nationalism; Peasant culture and mass nationalism; Nationalism as social power: restructuring egalitarian systems; Fascist tendency in the structure of nationalism: race; Nationalism's normative legacy: freedom and equality; State nationalism and regional organization; The monoethnic state and polyethnic social system: the rise of ethnic nationalism; Ethnic identity and the monoethnic state; National integration and the rise of ethnic nationalism
The 'modernization' of ethnicity
Social prerequisites of ethnic nationalism; Conclusion: cultural differentiation and political rationalization; The paradigm and prediction; Epilogue: the rise of Slavic nationalisms and the collapse of transnational ideocracy; The Nature of Slavic nationalism; Tradition in the family; Russification and non-Russian identities; References; Index

Sommario/riassunto

Nationalism in specific political systems combined with a theoretical framework that draws out its universal significance. Ten case studies from South Asia, the Middle East, Latin America and Europe focus on local cultural factors.
