

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910467840403321
Titolo	Kardunias : Babylonia under the Kassites : the proceedings of the symposium held in Munich, 30 June to 2 July 2011 = Tagungsbericht des Munchner Symposiums 30. Juni bis 2. Juli 2011 // edited by Alexa Bartelmus and Katja Sternitzke
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Boston ; ; Berlin : , : Walter de Gryter, , 2017
ISBN	1-5015-0348-0 1-5015-0356-1
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (324 pages)
Collana	Untersuchungen zur Assyriologie und vorderasiatischen Archaologie ; ; Volume 11
Disciplina	935.02
Soggetti	Civilization, Assyro-Babylonian Kassites Electronic books. Babylonia Antiquities Congresses
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Inhalt -- Vorwort -- Karten -- 1. Babylonia under the Kassites: Some Aspects for Consideration -- 2. The Early Kassite Period -- 3. Political Interactions between Kassite Babylonia and Assyria, Egypt and atti during the Amarna Age -- 4. Of Kings, Princesses, and Messengers: Babylonia's International Relations during the 13th Century BC -- 5. Die Kassiten, das mittelbabylonische Reich und der Zagros -- 6. Kassite and Elamite Kings -- 7. Kaššû: Cultural Labels and Identity in Ancient Mesopotamia -- 8. A Servile Population in Kassite Nippur: A Brief Overview -- 9. Zur Standardisierung und Serialisierung von Texten während der Kassitenzeit am Beispiel der Opferschau-Omina -- 10. The Babylonian Kudurru Inscriptions and their Legal and Sociohistorical Implications -- 11. Die Götter der Kassitenzeit. Eine Analyse ihres Vorkommens in zeitgenössischen Textquellen
Sommario/riassunto	Karduniaš, as the kingdom of the Kassites in Babylonia was called in ancient times, was the neighbor and rival of great powers such as Egypt, the Hittites, and Assyria. But while our knowledge of the latter

kingdoms has made huge progress in the last decades, the Kassites have until recently been largely ignored by modern scholarship. Recently a number of scholars have embarked on research into different aspects of Late Bronze Age Babylonia. The desire to share the results of these new investigations resulted in an international conference, which was held at Munich University in July 2011. The presentations given at this meeting have been revised for publication in the current volume. This book gives an overview of current research on the Kassites and is the first larger survey of their culture ever. An invaluable introduction by Kassite expert Professor John A. Brinkman is followed by seventeen specialist contributions investigating different aspects of the Kassites. These include detailed historical, social, cultural, archaeological, and art historical studies concerning the Kassites from their first arrival in Mesopotamia, during the period when a Kassite Dynasty ruled Babylonia (c. 1595-1155 BC), and in the subsequent aftermath. Concentrating on southern Mesopotamia the contributions also discuss Kassite relations and presence in neighboring regions. The book is completed by a substantial bibliography and a detailed index.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910484805103321
Titolo	KI 2010: Advances in Artificial Intelligence : 33rd Annual German Conference on AI, Karlsruhe, Germany, September 21-24, 2010, Proceedings / / edited by Rüdiger Dillmann, Jürgen Beyerer, Uwe D. Hanebeck, Tanja Schultz
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, Heidelberg : , : Springer Berlin Heidelberg : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2010
ISBN	1-280-38946-X 9786613567383 3-642-16111-1
Edizione	[1st ed. 2010.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XVI, 446 p. 150 illus.)
Collana	Lecture Notes in Artificial Intelligence, , 2945-9141 ; ; 6359
Altri autori (Persone)	DillmannRudiger
Disciplina	006.3
Soggetti	Artificial intelligence Application software Data mining User interfaces (Computer systems) Human-computer interaction Multimedia systems Computer simulation Artificial Intelligence Computer and Information Systems Applications Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery User Interfaces and Human Computer Interaction Multimedia Information Systems Computer Modelling
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Cognition -- Vision, Logic, and Language – Toward Analyzable Encompassing Systems -- A Computational Model of Human Movement Coordination -- BiosignalsStudio: A Flexible Framework for Biosignal Capturing and Processing -- Local Adaptive Extraction of References -- Logic-Based Trajectory Evaluation in Videos -- Human-Machine

Interaction -- A Testbed for Adaptive Human-Robot Collaboration --
 Human Head Pose Estimation Using Multi-appearance Features --
 Online Full Body Human Motion Tracking Based on Dense Volumetric
 3D Reconstructions from Multi Camera Setups -- On-Line Handwriting
 Recognition with Parallelized Machine Learning Algorithms -- Planning
 Cooperative Motions of Cognitive Automobiles Using Tree Search
 Algorithms -- Static Preference Models for Options with Dynamic
 Extent -- Towards User Assistance for Documents via Interactional
 Semantic Technology -- Knowledge -- Flexible Concept-Based
 Argumentation in Dynamic Scenes -- Focused Belief Revision as a
 Model of Fallible Relevance-Sensitive Perception -- Multi-context
 Systems with Activation Rules -- Pellet-HeaRT – Proposal of an
 Architecture for Ontology Systems with Rules -- Putting People's
 Common Sense into Knowledge Bases of Household Robots --
 Recognition and Visualization of Music Sequences Using Self-
 organizing Feature Maps -- Searching for Locomotion Patterns that
 Suffer from Imprecise Details -- World Modeling for Autonomous
 Systems -- Machine Learning and Data Mining -- A Probabilistic
 MajorClust Variant for the Clustering of Near-Homogeneous Graphs --
 Acceleration of DBSCAN-Based Clustering with Reduced Neighborhood
 Evaluations -- Adaptive ?-Greedy Exploration in Reinforcement
 Learning Based on Value Differences -- Learning the Importance of
 Latent Topics to Discover Highly Influential News Items -- Methods for
 Automated High-Throughput Toxicity Testing Using Zebrafish Embryos
 -- Visualizing Dissimilarity Data Using Generative Topographic
 Mapping -- Planing and Reasoning -- An Empirical Comparison of
 Some Multiobjective Graph Search Algorithms -- Completeness for
 Generalized First-Order LTL -- Instantiating General Games Using
 Prolog or Dependency Graphs -- Plan Assessment for Autonomous
 Manufacturing as Bayesian Inference -- Positions, Regions, and
 Clusters: Strata of Granularity in Location Modelling -- Soft Evidential
 Update via Markov Chain Monte Carlo Inference -- Strongly Solving
 Fox-and-Geese on Multi-core CPU -- The Importance of Statistical
 Evidence for Focussed Bayesian Fusion -- The Shortest Path Problem
 Revisited: Optimal Routing for Electric Vehicles -- Robotics -- A
 Systematic Testing Approach for Autonomous Mobile Robots Using
 Domain-Specific Languages -- Collision Free Path Planning for Intrinsic
 Safety of Multi-fingered SDH-2 -- Dynamic Bayesian Networks for
 Learning Interactions between Assistive Robotic Walker and Human
 Users -- From Neurons to Robots: Towards Efficient Biologically
 Inspired Filtering and SLAM -- Haptic Object Exploration Using
 Attention Cubes -- Task Planning for an Autonomous Service Robot --
 Towards Automatic Manipulation Action Planning for Service Robots --
 Towards Opportunistic Action Selection in Human-Robot Cooperation
 -- Trajectory Generation and Control for a High-DOF Articulated Robot
 with Dynamic Constraints -- Adaptive Motion Control: Dynamic Kick for
 a Humanoid Robot -- Special Session: Situation, Intention and Action
 Recognition -- An Extensible Modular Recognition Concept That Makes
 Activity Recognition Practical -- Online Workload Recognition from EEG
 Data during Cognitive Tests and Human-Machine Interaction --
 Situation-Specific Intention Recognition for Human-Robot Cooperation
 -- Towards High-Level Human Activity Recognition through Computer
 Vision and Temporal Logic -- Towards Semantic Segmentation of
 Human Motion Sequences.

Sommario/riassunto

The 33rd Annual German Conference on Artificial Intelligence (KI 2010)
 took place at the Karlsruhe Institute of Technology KIT, September 21–
 24, 2010, under the motto “Anthropomatic Systems.” In this volume
 you will find the keynote paper and 49 papers of oral and poster

presentations. The papers were selected from 73 submissions, resulting in an acceptance rate of 67%. As usual at the KI conferences, two entire days were allocated for targeted workshops—seven this year—and one tutorial. The workshop and tutorial materials are not contained in this volume, but the conference website, www.ki2010.kit.edu, will provide information and references to their contents. Recent trends in AI research have been focusing on anthropomatic systems, which address synergies between humans and intelligent machines. This trend is emphasized through the topics of the overall conference program. They include learning systems, cognition, robotics, perception and action, knowledge representation and reasoning, and planning and decision making. Many topics deal with uncertainty in various scenarios and incompleteness of knowledge. Summarizing, KI 2010 provides a cross section of recent research in modern AI methods and anthropomatic system applications. We are very grateful that Jos´ edel Mill´ an, Hans-Hellmut Nagel, Carl Edward Rasmussen, and David Vernon accepted our invitation to give a talk.
