Record Nr. UNINA9910467692103321 Autore Menninghaus Winfried Titolo Aesthetics after Darwin: the multiple origins and functions of art // Winfried Menninghaus Pubbl/distr/stampa Boston:,: Academic Studies Press,, [2019] ©2019 **ISBN** 1-64469-001-2 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (175 pages) Collana Evolution, Cognition, and the Arts Disciplina 700.1 Arts - Philosophy Soggetti **Aesthetics** Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia "The original German version of this book was published in 2011. For Note generali the purposes of the present English translation, it was substantially revised." Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Front matter -- Contents -- Introduction -- 1. Competitive Courtship and Aesthetic Judgment/Choice: Darwin's Model of the Arts -- 2. The Arts as Promoters of Social Cooperation and Cohesion -- 3. Engagement in the Arts as Ontogenetic Self-(Trans-)Formation -- 4. A Cooptation Model of the Evolution of the Human Arts: When "Sense of Beauty," Play Behavior, Technology, and Symbolic Cognition Join Forces -- Bibliography -- Index Darwin famously proposed that sexual competition and courtship is (or Sommario/riassunto at least was) the driving force of "art" production not only in animals, but also in humans. The present book is the first to reveal that Darwin's hypothesis, rather than amounting to a full-blown antidote to the humanist tradition, is actually strongly informed both by classical rhetoric and by English and German philosophical aesthetics, thereby Darwin's theory far richer and more interesting for the understanding of poetry and song. The book also discusses how the three most discussed hypothetical functions of the human arts--competition for attention and (loving) acceptance, social cooperation, and selfenhancement--are not mutually exclusive, but can well be conceived of

as different aspects of the same processes of producing and

responding to the arts. Finally, reviewing the current state of archeological findings, the book advocates a new hypothesis on the multiple origins of the human arts, posing that they arose as new variants of human behavior, when three ancient and largely independent adaptions--sensory and sexual selection-driven biases regarding visual and auditory beauty, play behavior, and technology-joined forces with, and were transformed by, the human capacities for symbolic cognition and language.