1. Record Nr. UNINA9910465748003321 Autore Combes F. **Titolo** The Milky Way: structure, dynamics, formation and evolution // Francoise Combes and James Lequeux Pubbl/distr/stampa Paris, [France]:,: EDP Sciences,, 2016 ©2016 **ISBN** 2-7598-2001-7 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (195 pages): illustrations (some color) Collana **Current Natural Sciences** Disciplina 523.113 Soggetti Galaxies - Evolution Electronic books. Milky Way Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese Materiale a stampa **Formato** Livello bibliografico Monografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Frontmatter -- Preface -- Contents -- Physical and astronomical Nota di contenuto constants -- 1 Introduction -- 2 The solar neighborhood -- 3 Structure and components of the Milky Way -- 4 The galactic center -- 5 Galactic dynamics -- 6 The chemical evolution of the Galaxy -- 7 Formation and evolution of the Galaxy -- 8 The Galaxy among its companions --9 The future -- Appendix 1. Stellar parameters -- Appendix 2. A few basic notions concerning the observations of the interstellar medium --Glossary -- Bibliography -- Index Our knowledge of the Milky Way has been deeply renewed since a Sommario/riassunto dozen years, following the results of the astrometric satellite HIPPARCOS, and those of large stellar surveys. Many concepts thought to be well established disappeared, to be replaced by others going towards a larger complexity: in particular, the discovery of radial migrations of stars has blurred the simple image that we had of the Galactic disk. There has been large progress in some domains, for instance the physics of the Galactic Center with its super-massive black hole; other problems remain unsolved, such as the nature of the dark

matter existing like a halo around our Galaxy. This book reviews our present knowledge of the Milky Way, in the simplest and most didactic way as possible. Basic notions are always recalled, which make the

book accessible to readers without any advanced formation in astronomy. This basic work will be very helpful to understand the results expected from GAIA, the new ESA astrometric satellite launched on December 19, 2013.