1. Record Nr. UNINA9910465494603321 Autore Boyd Brian <1952-> Titolo Why lyrics last [[electronic resource]]: evolution, cognition, and Shakespeare's sonnets / / Brian Boyd Cambridge, Mass., : Harvard University Press, 2012 Pubbl/distr/stampa 0-674-06484-4 **ISBN** 0-674-06919-6 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (240 p.) Disciplina 821/.3 Soggetti Sonnets, English - History and criticism Lyric poetry - History and criticism Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction -- Lyrics Unlinked -- 1. Poetry, Pattern, and Attention -- 2. Lyric and Sonnet --3. A First Shakespeare Sonnet -- From Sonnet to Sequence -- 4. Love -- 5. Love and Time -- Beyond Love -- 6. Status -- 7. Death -- Shakespeares Sonnets, 1609 -- 8. Lyric and Narrative -- Envoi -- Notes. Bibliography. Index -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index In Why Lyrics Last, the internationally acclaimed critic Brian Boyd turns Sommario/riassunto an evolutionary lens on the subject of lyric verse. He finds that lyric making, though it presents no advantages for the species in terms of survival and reproduction, is "universal across cultures because it fits constraints of the human mind." An evolutionary perspectiveespecially when coupled with insights from aesthetics and literary history-has much to tell us about both verse and the lyrical impulse. Boyd places the writing of lyrical verse within the human disposition "to play with pattern," and in an extended example he uncovers the many patterns to be found within Shakespeare's Sonnets. Shakespeare's bid

for readership is unlike that of any sonneteer before him: he

the lyric and demonstrating the power that verse can have when

deliberately avoids all narrative, choosing to maximize the openness of

liberated of story. In eschewing narrative, Shakespeare plays freely with

patterns of other kinds: words, images, sounds, structures; emotions and moods; argument and analogy; and natural rhythms, in daily, seasonal, and life cycles. In the originality of his stratagems, and in their sheer number and variety, both within and between sonnets, Shakespeare outdoes all competitors. A reading of the Sonnets informed by evolution is primed to attend to these complexities and better able to appreciate Shakespeare's remarkable gambit for immortal fame.