

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910465062603321
Autore	Dunlap E. Scott
Titolo	Loss Control Auditing : A Guide for Conducting Fire, Safety, and Security Audits
Pubbl/distr/stampa	CRC Press [Imprint], Sept. 2017 Abingdon, : Taylor & Francis Group
ISBN	0-429-15177-2 1-138-46644-1 1-4398-2887-3
Edizione	[1st edition]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (246 p.)
Collana	Occupational safety & health guide series ; ; 9
Disciplina	658.4/7
Soggetti	Fire prevention - Inspection Industrial buildings - Fires and fire prevention Loss control Industrial safety Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front Cover; Contents; Preface; The Author; Introduction; Chapter 1: Preaudit; Chapter 2: Audit; Chapter 3: Postaudit; Chapter 4: Documentation Review; Chapter 5: Physical Inspection; Chapter 6: Conducting Interviews; Chapter 7: Creating an Audit Program; Chapter 8: Creating an Audit Protocol; Chapter 9: Audit Scoring; Chapter 10: Auditor Selection and Training; Chapter 11: Audit Logistics; Chapter 12: Audit Frequency; Chapter 13: Workplace Safety Auditing; Chapter 14: Security Auditing; Chapter 15: Fire Auditing; Chapter 16: The Audit as a Training Tool; Chapter 17: Employee Involvement Chapter 18: ChallengesReferences; Appendix A: OSHA Letter of Interpretation on Voluntary Self-Audits; Appendix B: OSHA 2000 Policy on Self-Audits; Appendix C: Sample OSHA Partnership Audit; Back Cover
Sommario/riassunto	Annotation

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910781036003321
Autore	Braun Maria <1973->
Titolo	Word-formation and creolisation [[electronic resource] ] : the case of early Sranan // Maria Braun
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Tubingen, : Niemeyer, 2009
ISBN	1-282-71534-8 9786612715341 3-484-97022-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (320 p.)
Collana	Linguistische Arbeiten, , 0344-6727 ; ; 517
Classificazione	18.96
Disciplina	427.9
Soggetti	Sranan language - Word formation Creole dialects, English - Suriname
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 293-309).
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Table of contents -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Creolisation and word-formation: some central issues -- 3 The socio-historical and demographic background of Early Sranan -- 4 Methodology -- 5 Early Sranan word-formation: establishing a descriptive framework -- 6 Multifunctionality of lexical items in Early Sranan -- 7 Concatenative patterns -- 8 Reduplication patterns -- 9 The emergence of Early Sranan word-formation: a conclusion -- Backmatter
Sommario/riassunto	This book explores a relatively little investigated area of creole languages, word-formation. It provides the most comprehensive account so far of the word-formation patterns of an English-based creole language, Sranan, as found in its earliest sources, and compares them with the patterns attested in the input languages. One of the few studies of creole morphology based on historical data, the book discusses the theoretical problems arising with the historical analysis of creole word-formation and provides an analysis along the lines of Booij's (2005, 2007) Construction Morphology in which the assumed boundaries between affixation, compounding and syntactic constructions play a very minor role. It shows that Early Sranan word-formation is characterised by the absence of superstrate derivational affixes, the use of free morphemes as derivational markers and of

compounding as the major word-formation strategy. The emergence of Early Sranan word-formation involved multiple sources (the input languages, universals, language-internal development) and different mechanisms (reanalysis of free morphemes as derivational markers, adaptation of superstrate complex words, transfer from the substrates and the creation of innovations). The findings render untenable theoretical accounts of creole genesis based on one explanatory factor, such as superstrate or substrate influence.

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