

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910464009803321
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Titolo	Welfare gains of aid indexation in small open economies // Anubha Dhasmana ; authorized for distribution by Andrew Berg
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Washington, District of Columbia] : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2008 ©2008
ISBN	1-4623-8910-4 1-4527-7027-1 1-282-84056-8 9786612840562 1-4518-6962-2
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (40 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers IMF working paper ; ; WP/08/101
Altri autori (Persone)	BergAndrew
Disciplina	338.91
Soggetti	Economic assistance - Developing countries - Econometric models Economic development - Developing countries - Econometric models Business cycles - Developing countries - Econometric models Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; I. Introduction; II. Primary Commodity Exports and Price Volatility; III. The Benchmark Model; IV. Model Calibration and Comparative Statics; V. Dynamics; VI. Results; VII. Conclusion; Figures; 1. Resource flow as a percentage of GDP; Tables; 1. Dynamic behavior of Aid; 2. Share of the leading primary commodity export (97-99); 3. Share of the Top Three Primary Commodities, (1997-99); 4. Instability indices of prices of major primary commodities during 1957-1999; 2. Steady state values; 3. Sensitivity analysis; 6. Welfare cost under alternative model specifications 7. Welfare gains from indexed Aid 4. Stationary capital distribution; 8. Welfare gains from indexed Aid; 9. Welfare gains from indexed Aid; References; References

Sommario/riassunto

Foreign aid flows to poor, aid-dependent economies are highly volatile and pro-cyclical. Shortfalls in aid coincide with shortfalls in GDP and government revenues. This increases the consumption volatility in aid dependent countries, thereby causing substantial welfare losses. This paper finds that indexing aid flows to exogenous shocks like a change in the terms of trade can significantly improve the welfare of aid-dependent country by lowering its output and consumption volatility. Compared to the benchmark specification with stochastic aid flows, indexation of aid flows to terms of trade
