

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910464001003321
Autore	Benes Jaromir <1973->
Titolo	Modeling with macro-financial linkages [[electronic resource]] : credit and policy shocks in emerging markets // prepared by Jaromir Benes, Inci Otker-Robe, and David Vavra
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Washington D.C.], : International Monetary Fund, 2009
ISBN	1-4623-1743-X 1-4527-6318-6 1-282-84337-0 1-4518-7270-4 9786612843372
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (36 p.)
Collana	IMF working paper ; ; WP/09/123
Altri autori (Persone)	OtkerInci VavraDavid
Soggetti	Microfinance Financial crises Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; I. Introduction and Motivation; II. The Model with Financial Intermediation and Frictions; A. The Basic Structure of the Model; B. Description of the Model's Micro Foundations; C. Main Characteristics of Policy Transmission; III. Model Calibration and Properties; A. Parameterizing Steady State; Tables; 1. List of Main Behavioral Parameters and Their Baseline Calibration; B. Parameterizing Transitory Dynamics and Stochastic Properties; IV. Using the Model-Based Framework for Policy Analysis-Implications of a Credit Crunch; A. Credit Crunch Induced by Exogenous Shocks 2. The Simulated Effects of the Exogenously Induced Credit Supply Shocks Figures; 1. Simulated Effects of the Exogenously Induced Credit Crunch Shock; B. Policy Induced Credit Crunch; 3. The Simulated Effects of the Policy Shocks to Credit Supply: Priced-based Credit Measures; 2. Simulated Effects of the Price-Based Credit Measures; 4. The Simulated Effects of the Individual Policy Shocks to Credit Supply: Credit Growth

Controls; 3. Simulated Effects of the Direct Credit Controls; V.
Conclusions and Policy Implications; Reference

Sommario/riassunto

This paper develops a stylized, small, open economy macro model that incorporates an explicit and non-trivial role for financial intermediation. It illustrates how such a model could be used for policy analysis in an emerging market economy where policymakers are concerned about risks associated with rapid credit growth, financial dollarization, and foreign borrowing, while lacking traditional tools to effect monetary policy transmission, and hence could resort to more direct instruments, such as foreign exchange market intervention and regulatory and administrative measures. Calibrating the m
