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Methods for Nonsmooth Convex Large-Scale Optimization, I: General Purpose Methods
5.1 Introduction 5.2 Mirror Descent Algorithm: Minimizing over a Simple Set; 5.3 Problems with Functional Constraints; 5.4 Minimizing Strongly Convex Functions; 5.5 Mirror Descent Stochastic Approximation; 5.6 Mirror Descent for Convex-Concave Saddle-Point Problems; 5.7 Setting up a Mirror Descent Method; 5.8 Notes and Remarks; 5.9 References; Chapter 6. First-Order Methods for Nonsmooth Convex Large-Scale Optimization, II: Utilizing Problem's Structure; 6.1 Introduction; 6.2 Saddle-Point Reformulations of Convex Minimization Problems; 6.3 Mirror-Prox Algorithm
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8.7 Decoding: Finding the MAP Assignment 8.8 Discussion; Appendix: Technical Details; 8.10 References; 8.5 Block Coordinate Descent Algorithms; Chapter 9. Augmented Lagrangian Methods for Learning, Selecting, and Combining Features; 9.1 Introduction; 9.2 Background; 9.3 Proximal Minimization Algorithm; 9.4 Dual Augmented Lagrangian (DAL) Algorithm; 9.5 Connections; 9.6 Application; 9.7 Summary; Acknowledgment; Appendix: Mathematical Details; 9.9 References; Chapter 10. The Convex Optimization Approach to Regret Minimization; 10.1 Introduction; 10.2 The RFTL Algorithm and Its Analysis
10.3 The "Primal-Dual" Approach

Sommario/riassunto

An up-to-date account of the interplay between optimization and machine learning, accessible to students and researchers in both communities. The interplay between optimization and machine learning is one of the most important developments in modern computational science. Optimization formulations and methods are proving to be vital in designing algorithms to extract essential knowledge from huge volumes of data. Machine learning, however, is not simply a consumer of optimization technology but a rapidly evolving field that is itself generating new optimization ideas. This book captures the state of the art of the interaction between optimization and machine learning in a way that is accessible to researchers in both fields. Optimization approaches have enjoyed prominence in machine learning because of their wide applicability and attractive theoretical properties. The increasing complexity, size, and variety of today's machine learning models call for the reassessment of existing assumptions. This book starts the process of reassessment. It describes the resurgence in novel contexts of established frameworks such as first-order methods, stochastic approximations, convex relaxations, interior-point methods, and proximal methods. It also devotes attention to newer themes such as regularized optimization, robust optimization, gradient and subgradient methods, splitting techniques, and second-order methods. Many of these techniques draw inspiration from other fields, including operations research, theoretical computer science, and subfields of optimization. The book will enrich the ongoing cross-fertilization between the machine learning community and these other fields, and within the broader optimization community.
