1. Record Nr. UNINA9910463716803321 Anglicizing America: empire, revolution, republic / / edited by Ignacio **Titolo** Gallup-Diaz, Andrew Shankman, and David J. Silverman; contributors. Denver Brunsman [and ten others] Philadelphia, Pennsylvania:,: University of Pennsylvania Press,, 2015 Pubbl/distr/stampa ©2015 **ISBN** 0-8122-9104-2 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (321 p.) Collana Early American Studies Disciplina 973.2 Soggetti Racism - United States - History Slavery - United States - History Electronic books. United States History Colonial period, ca. 1600-1775 United States History Colonial period, ca. 1600-1775 Historiography United States History Revolution, 1775-1783 United States History Revolution, 1775-1783 Historiography United States Civilization English influences United States Civilization To 1783 United States Civilization 1783-1865 United States Ethnic relations History 17th century United States Ethnic relations History 18th century United States Relations Great Britain History **Great Britain Relations United States History** Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Includes index. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Front matter -- Contents -- Introduction -- Chapter 1. England and Nota di contenuto Colonial America: A Novel Theory of the American Revolution --Chapter 2. A Synthesis Useful and Compelling: Anglicization and the Achievement of John M. Murrin -- Chapter 3. "In Great Slavery and Bondage": White Labor and the Development of Plantation Slavery in British America -- Chapter 4. Anglicizing the League: The Writing of

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Sommario/riassunto

The thirteen mainland colonies of early America were arguably never more British than on the eve of their War of Independence from Britain. Though home to settlers of diverse national and cultural backgrounds, colonial America gradually became more like Britain in its political and judicial systems, material culture, economies, religious systems, and engagements with the empire. At the same time and by the same process, these politically distinct and geographically distant colonies forged a shared cultural identity—one that would bind them together as a nation during the Revolution. Anglicizing America revisits the theory of Anglicization, considering its application to the history of the Atlantic world, from Britain to the Caribbean to the western wildernesses, at key moments before, during, and after the American Revolution. Ten essays by senior historians trace the complex processes by which global forces, local economies, and individual motives interacted to reinforce a more centralized and unified social movement. They examine the ways English ideas about labor influenced plantation slavery, how Great Britain's imperial aspirations shaped American militarization, the influence of religious tolerance on political unity, and how Americans' relationship to Great Britain after the war impacted the early republic's naval and taxation policies. As a whole, Anglicizing America offers a compelling framework for explaining the complex processes at work in the western hemisphere during the age of revolutions. Contributors: Denver Brunsman, William Howard Carter, Ignacio Gallup-Diaz, Anthony M. Joseph, Simon P. Newman, Geoffrey Plank, Nancy L. Rhoden, Andrew Shankman, David J. Silverman, Jeremy A. Stern.