Record Nr.	UNINA9910463688703321
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Titolo	Consensus and global environmental governance : deliberative democracy in nature's regime / / Walter F. Baber and Robert V. Bartlett
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge, Massachusetts ; ; London, England : , : The MIT Press, , 2015 ©2015
ISBN	0-262-32705-8 0-262-52722-7 0-262-32704-X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource
Collana	Earth System Governance
Disciplina	363.7/0561
Soggetti	Environmental policy - Citizen participation
	Environmental protection - Citizen participation
	Global environmental change - Government policy
	Climatic changes - Government policy
	Deliberative democracy
	Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Lingua di pubblicazione Formato	Inglese Materiale a stampa
	Inglese
Formato	Inglese Materiale a stampa
Formato Livello bibliografico	Inglese Materiale a stampa Monografia
Formato Livello bibliografico Note generali	Inglese Materiale a stampa Monografia Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph

1.

conceptual implications of a new approach to international environmental governance. Their proposed approach, juristic democracy, emphasizes the role of the citizen rather than the nationstate as the source of legitimacy in international environmental law; it is rooted in local knowledge and grounded in democratic deliberation and consensus. The aim is to construct a global jurisprudence based on collective will formation. Building on concepts presented in their previous book, the award-winning Global Democracy and Sustainable Jurisprudence, Baber and Bartlett examine in detail the challenges that consensus poses for a system of juristic democracy. Baber and Bartlett analyze the implications of deliberative consensus for rule-bounded behavior, for the accomplishment of basic governance tasks, and for diversity in a politically divided and culturally plural world. They assess social science findings about the potential of small-group citizen panels to contribute to rationalized consensus, drawing on the extensive research conducted on the use of juries in courts of law. Finally, they analyze the place of juristic democracy in a future "consensually federal" system for earth system governance.