

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910463174603321
Autore	Rudel Thomas K.
Titolo	Defensive environmentalists and the dynamics of global reform // Thomas Rudel, Rutgers University [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge : , : Cambridge University Press, , 2013
ISBN	1-139-61105-4 1-107-23754-8 1-139-60926-2 1-139-62593-4 1-139-61291-3 1-299-40000-0 1-139-62221-8 1-139-61663-3 1-139-34380-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xv, 251 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Disciplina	363.7/0561
Soggetti	Environmental policy - International cooperation Environmental protection - International cooperation
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Machine generated contents note: Preface; Acknowledgments; 1. Introduction; 2. Meta-narratives of environmental reform; 3. Globalization, tight coupling, and cascading events; 4. Partitioning resources, preserving resources; 5. Advantaging offspring, limiting offspring; 6. Choosing foods, saving soils; 7. Removing rubbish, recovering resources, and creating inequalities; 8. Saving money, conserving energy; 9. Focusing events, altruistic environmentalism, and the environmental movement; 10. A sustainable development state; 11. Conclusion: defensive environmentalists, sustainable development states, and global reform; References.
Sommario/riassunto	As global environmental changes become increasingly evident and efforts to respond to these changes fall short of expectations, questions about the circumstances that generate environmental

reforms become more pressing. Defensive Environmentalists and the Dynamics of Global Reform answers these questions through a historical analysis of two processes that have contributed to environmental reforms, one in which people become defensive environmentalists concerned about environmental problems close to home and another in which people become altruistic environmentalists intent on alleviating global problems after experiencing catastrophic events such as hurricanes, droughts and fires. These focusing events make reform more urgent and convince people to become altruistic environmentalists. Bolstered by defensive environmentalists, the altruists gain strength in environmental politics and reforms occur.

2. Record Nr.

Titolo

UNINA9910141225303321

Renewable energy sources and climate change mitigation : special report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change / / edited by Ottmar Edenhofer, Ramon Pichs Madruga, Youba Sokona [and] Technical Support Unit Working Group III, Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research (PIK)

Pubbl/distr/stampa

New York, : Cambridge University Press, c2012

ISBN

1-139-24870-7
1-107-23187-6
1-280-48548-5
9786613580467
1-139-22324-0
1-139-21844-1
1-139-22496-4
1-139-21535-3
1-139-22153-1
1-139-15115-0

Edizione

[1st ed.]

Descrizione fisica

1 online resource (xii, 1076 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)

Altri autori (Persone)

EdenhoferOttmar
Pichs MadrugaRamon <1962->
SokonaY

Disciplina

333.794

Soggetti

Renewable energy sources - Environmental aspects
Renewable energy sources
Climate change mitigation

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Renewable energy and climate change -- Bioenergy -- Direct solar energy -- Geothermal energy -- Hydropower -- Ocean energy -- Wind energy -- Integration of renewable energy into present and future energy systems -- Renewable energy in the context of sustainable development -- Mitigation potential and costs -- Policy, financing and implementation -- Annexes I-VI.
Sommario/riassunto	This Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change Special Report (IPCC-SRREN) assesses the potential role of renewable energy in the mitigation of climate change. It covers the six most important renewable energy sources - bioenergy, solar, geothermal, hydropower, ocean and wind energy - as well as their integration into present and future energy systems. It considers the environmental and social consequences associated with the deployment of these technologies and presents strategies to overcome technical as well as non-technical obstacles to their application and diffusion. SRREN brings a broad spectrum of technology-specific experts together with scientists studying energy systems as a whole. Prepared following strict IPCC procedures, it presents an impartial assessment of the current state of knowledge: it is policy relevant but not policy prescriptive. SRREN is an invaluable assessment of the potential role of renewable energy for the mitigation of climate change for policymakers, the private sector and academic researchers.