

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910462840403321
Autore	Bachrach Bernard S. <1939->
Titolo	Charlemagne's early campaigns (768-777) : a diplomatic and military analysis // by Bernard S. Bachrach
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Boston : , : Brill, , 2013
ISBN	1-299-18468-5 90-04-24477-8
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (743 p.)
Collana	History of warfare, , 1385-7827 ; ; 82 History of warfare, , 1385-7827 ; ; v. 82
Disciplina	944.0142 944/.0142
Soggetti	Military art and science - Europe - History - To 1500 Military history, Medieval HISTORY / Europe / France Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Preliminary Material / Bernard S. Bachrach -- Introduction / Bernard S. Bachrach -- Two Kings: Charlemagne and Carloman / Bernard S. Bachrach -- Italy in Flux: Opportunities and Problems / Bernard S. Bachrach -- The Saxon War: Phase One / Bernard S. Bachrach -- The Unwanted War / Bernard S. Bachrach -- The Siege of Pavia / Bernard S. Bachrach -- The Fall of Pavia and Its Aftermath / Bernard S. Bachrach -- The Saxon War: Phase Two / Bernard S. Bachrach -- The Friuli Diversion / Bernard S. Bachrach -- The "End" of the Saxon War / Bernard S. Bachrach -- Integration of the Saxon Territory / Bernard S. Bachrach -- Conclusions / Bernard S. Bachrach -- Bibliography / Bernard S. Bachrach -- Index / Bernard S. Bachrach.
Sommario/riassunto	Charlemagne's Early Campaigns is the first book-length study of Charlemagne at war and its focus on the period 768-777 makes clear that the topic, for his forty-six year reign, is immense. The neglect of Charlemagne's campaigns and the diplomacy that undergirded them has truncated our understanding of the creation of the Carolingian empire and the great success enjoyed by its leader, who ranks with

Frederick the Great and Napoleon among Europe's best. The critical deployment here of the numerous narrative and documentary sources combined with the systematic use of the immense corpus of archaeological evidence, much of which the result of excavations undertaken since World War II, is applied here, in detail, for the first time in order to broaden our understanding of Charlemagne's military strategy and campaign tactics. Charlemagne and his advisers emerge as very careful planners, with a thorough understanding of Roman military thinking, who were dedicated to the use of overwhelming force in order to win whenever possible without undertaking bloody combat. Charlemagne emerges from this study, to paraphrase a observation attributed to Scipio Africanus, as a military commander and not a warrior.
