Record Nr. UNINA9910462808603321 Autore Guettel Jens-Uwe <1974-> **Titolo** German expansionism, imperial liberalism and the United States, 1776-1945 / / Jens-Uwe Guettel, Pennsylvania State University [[electronic resource]] Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,, 2012 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-139-62780-5 1-107-23617-7 1-139-62791-0 1-139-62769-4 1-283-94301-8 1-139-62736-8 1-139-17592-0 1-139-62703-1 1-139-62725-2 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (x, 281 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Disciplina 325/.343 Soggetti Imperialism - History Race - Political aspects - Germany - History Political culture - Germany - History Liberalism - Germany - History Germany Territorial expansion United States Territorial expansion **Germany Colonies History** Germany Relations United States United States Relations Germany Germany Politics and government Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015). Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Introduction -- 1. Soil, liberty, and blood: Germans and American westward expansion before 1871 -- 2. From theory to practice: German colonialism and American westward expansion before World

War I -- 3. The American South and racial segregation in the German colonies -- 4. America, race, and German expansionism from the Great War to 1945 -- Conclusion: Imperial liberalism, Nazi expansionism, and the continuities of German history.

Sommario/riassunto

This book traces the importance of the United States for German colonialism from the late eighteenth century to 1945, focusing on American westward expansion and racial politics. Jens-Uwe Guettel argues that from the late eighteenth century onward, ideas of colonial expansion played a very important role in liberal, enlightened and progressive circles in Germany, which, in turn, looked across the Atlantic to the liberal-democratic United States for inspiration and concrete examples. Yet following a pre-1914 peak of liberal political influence on the administration and governance of Germany's colonies, the expansionist ideas embraced by Germany's far-right after the country's defeat in the First World War had little or no connection with the German Empire's liberal imperialist tradition - for example, Nazi plans for the settlement of conquered Eastern European territories were not directly linked to pre-1914 transatlantic exchanges concerning race and expansionism.