

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910462797003321
Autore	Moller David Wendell
Titolo	Dancing with broken bones : poverty, race, and spirit-filled dying in the inner city / / David Wendell Moller
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York, New York : , : Oxford University Press, , 2012 ©2012
ISBN	0-19-993837-7 0-19-026799-2
Edizione	[Revised and expanded edition.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xviii, 206 p.) : ill., ports
Disciplina	362.17/50869420973
Soggetti	Urban poor - United States - Death Terminal care - United States Death - Social aspects - United States Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Sommario/riassunto	This title gives voice and face to a vulnerable and disempowered population whose stories often remain untold: the urban dying poor. Drawing on complex issues surrounding poverty, class, and race, Moller illuminates the unique sufferings that often remain unknown and hidden within a culture of broad invisibility.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910705480203321
Titolo	Continuation of the national emergency with respect to Burma : communication from the President of the United States transmitting notification that the national emergency declared with respect to Burma is to continue beyond May 20, 2014, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 1622(d)
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington : , : U.S. Government Printing Office, , 2014
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (3 pages)
Collana	House document / 113th Congress, 2d session ; ; 113-112
Soggetti	Economic assistance, American - Burma Political stability - Burma Burma Politics and government United States Foreign relations Burma Burma Foreign relations United States
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from title screen (viewed on May 29, 2014). "Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs." "May 15, 2014."

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910557403603321
Autore	Vrins Frederic
Titolo	Advances in Credit Risk Modeling and Management
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Basel, Switzerland, : MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2020
Descrizione fisica	1 electronic resource (190 p.)
Soggetti	Coins, banknotes, medals, seals (numismatics)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	<p>Credit risk remains one of the major risks faced by most financial and credit institutions. It is deeply connected to the real economy due to the systemic nature of some banks, but also because well-managed lending facilities are key for wealth creation and technological innovation. This book is a collection of innovative papers in the field of credit risk management. Besides the probability of default (PD), the major driver of credit risk is the loss given default (LGD). In spite of its central importance, LGD modeling remains largely unexplored in the academic literature. This book proposes three contributions in the field. Ye & Bellotti exploit a large private dataset featuring non-performing loans to design a beta mixture model. Their model can be used to improve recovery rate forecasts and, therefore, to enhance capital requirement mechanisms. François uses instead the price of defaultable instruments to infer the determinants of market-implied recovery rates and finds that macroeconomic and long-term issuer specific factors are the main determinants of market-implied LGDs. Cheng & Cirillo address the problem of modeling the dependency between PD and LGD using an original, urn-based statistical model. Fadina & Schmidt propose an improvement of intensity-based default models by accounting for ambiguity around both the intensity process and the recovery rate. Another topic deserving more attention is trade credit, which consists of the supplier providing credit facilities to his customers. Whereas this is likely to stimulate exchanges in general, it</p>

also magnifies credit risk. This is a difficult problem that remains largely unexplored. Kanapickiene & Spicas propose a simple but yet practical model to assess trade credit risk associated with SMEs and microenterprises operating in Lithuania. Another topical area in credit risk is counterparty risk and all other adjustments (such as liquidity and capital adjustments), known as XVA. Chataignier & Crépey propose a genetic algorithm to compress CVA and to obtain affordable incremental figures. Anagnostou & Kandhai introduce a hidden Markov model to simulate exchange rate scenarios for counterparty risk. Eventually, Boursicot et al. analyzes CoCo bonds, and find that they reduce the total cost of debt, which is positive for shareholders. In a nutshell, all the featured papers contribute to shedding light on various aspects of credit risk management that have, so far, largely remained unexplored.
