1. Record Nr. UNINA9910462317403321 Autore Curta Florin Titolo The Edinburgh history of the Greeks, c. 500 to 1050: the early Middle Ages / / Florin Curta [[electronic resource]] Edinburgh: ,: Edinburgh University Press, , 2011 Pubbl/distr/stampa 0-7486-7074-2 **ISBN** 1-299-15473-5 0-7486-4489-X Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (vii, 365 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Collana The Edinburgh history of the Greeks Disciplina 949.502 Soggetti Greece History 323-1453 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 02 Oct 2015). Includes bibliographical references (p. [298]-353) and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Introduction -- The last century of Roman power, c. 500 to c. 620: army, church, and countryside -- Collapse or adaptation? The problem of the urban decline in late antique Greece -- Invasion or inflation? Hoards and barbarians in sixth- and early seventh-century Greece --Dark-Age Greece, c. 620 to c. 800 -- Revival and expansion, c. 800 to c. 900 -- The beginning of prosperity, c. 900 to c. 1050 -- Early medieval Greece and the Middle Byzantine economy -- Social structures and Byzantine administration in early medieval Greece --Christianity in early medieval Greece -- Conclusion : the people of early medieval Greece. Sommario/riassunto This volume traces the social, economic and political history of the Greeks between 500 and 1050. The book adopts an interdisciplinary approach and uses archaeological evidence, as well as coins and seals, fiscal documents, medieval chronicles, and hagiographic literature to examine the development of Greek culture in the early medieval period. Several themes provide the foundation for this volume and run through the chapters; these include the Balkan context, the Social Role of the Army and the Onset of Economic Growth. Special attention is paid to the size of the economy in early medieval Greece. Both the social and the economic are privileged and analyzed together as integrally

connected spheres of life, thus filling a major gap in existing literature

on this period.