1. Record Nr. UNINA9910462171403321

Autore Knott Alistair <1967->

Titolo Sensorimotor cognition and natural language syntax [[electronic

resource] /] / Alistair Knott

Pubbl/distr/stampa Cambridge, Mass., : MIT Press, c2012

ISBN 1-283-70752-7

0-262-30542-9

Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (405 p.)

Disciplina 401/.9

Soggetti Grammar, Comparative and general - Syntax

Cognitive grammar Sensorimotor integration Minimalist theory (Linguistics)

Psycholinguistics Electronic books.

Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese

Formato Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico Monografia

Note generali Description based upon print version of record.

Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. [351]-387) and index.

Nota di contenuto Contents; Preface; 1 Introduction; 1.1 The Shared Mechanisms

Hypothesis; 1.2 An Overview of the Argument of the Book; 1.3 Some Objections; 1.4 Structure of the Book; 1.5 How to Read the Book; 2 Sensorimotor Processing during the Execution and Perception of Reach-to-Grasp Actions; 2.1 The Early Visual System; 2.2 The Object Classification Pathway; 2.3 The Posterior Parietal Cortex; 2.4 Vision for Attentional Selection; 2.5 Vision for Action; 2.6 Planning Higher-Level Actions; 2.7 The Action Recognition Pathway; 2.8 Distinctions between

Executed and Observed Actions

2.9 Summary: The Pathways Involved in Perception and Execution of Reach-to-Grasp Actions2.10 The Order of Sensorimotor Events during the Execution and Perception of Reach Actions; 2.11 Summary; 3 Models of Learning and Memory for Sensorimotor Sequences; 3.1 Baddeley's Model of Working Memory; 3.2 Working Memory

Representations of Action Sequences in PFC; 3.3 Competition between PFC Plan Assemblies; 3.4 PFC Plan Activation during Action Recognition; 3.5 Replaying PFC Plans; 3.6 Episodic Memory and the Hippocampal

System; 3.7 Hippocampal Episode Representations as Sequences 3.8 Cortical Mechanisms for Encoding and Retrieval of Episodic Memories3.9 Summary; 3.10 An Assessment of the Sensorimotor Model; 4 A Syntactic Framework: Minimalism; 4.1 What Is a Syntactic Analysis?; 4.2 Phonetic Form and Logical Form; 4.3 X-Bar Theory; 4.4 The Structure of a Transitive Clause at LF; 4.5 The IP Projection; 4.6 DP-Movement and Case Assignment; 4.7 The VP-Internal Subject Hypothesis; 4.8 The AgrP Projection; 4.9 Summary; 5 The Relationship between Syntax and Sensorimotor Structure; 5.1 Summary of the Sensorimotor Model

5.2 Sensorimotor Interpretation of the LF of ""The man grabbed a cup"" 5.3 A Sensorimotor Characterization of the X-Bar Schema; 5.4 Sensorimotor Interpretation of the LF of ""The man grabbed a cup""; 5.5 The Role of LF Revisited; 5.6 Predictions of the Sensorimotor Account of LF; 5.7 Summary; 6 Linguistic Representations in the Brain; 6.1 Neural Substrates of Language; 6.2 The Basic Stages of Language Development; 7 A New Computational Model of Language Development and Language Processing; 7.1 Learning Single-Word Meanings and the Concept of a Communicative Action

7.2 Learning to Generate Syntactically Structured Utterances7.3 Summary and Some Interim Conclusions; 8 Summary, Comparisons, and Conclusions; 8.1 A Summary of the Proposals in This Book; 8.2 Comparison with Other Embodied Models of Language and Cognition; 8.3 The Nativist-Empiricist Debate about Language; Notes; References; Index

Sommario/riassunto

A proposal that the syntactic structure of a sentence reporting a concrete episode in the world can be interpreted as a description of the sensorimotor processes involved in experiencing that episode.