Record Nr. UNINA9910461836903321 Autore Khandker Shahidur R Titolo Seasonal hunger and public policies [[electronic resource]]: evidence from northwest Bangladesh / / Shahidur R. Khandker and Wahiduddin Mahmud Washington D.C., : World Bank, 2012 Pubbl/distr/stampa 1-280-87863-0 **ISBN** 9786613719942 0-8213-9554-8 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (220 p.) Collana Directions in development. Poverty Altri autori (Persone) MahmudWahiduddin Disciplina 338.1/95492 Soggetti Food supply - Seasonal variations - Bangladesh Hunger - Bangladesh Nutrition policy - Bangladesh - Planning Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Monografia Livello bibliografico Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Includes bibliographical references. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Introduction -- Understanding seasonal hunger: key issues in a global perspective -- Seasonal poverty and hunger in Bangladesh: vulnerability of the northwest region -- Household vulnerability and coping strategies -- Effects of policies and programs : some preliminary findings -- The role of seasonal migration -- Effectiveness of social safety net programs -- Microfinance to tackle seasonality --Overview, policy perspectives, and emerging issues -- References. Sommario/riassunto Agricultural development through crop diversification, irrigation, high yielding crop varieties, and public investments in infrastructure has improved food security and its seasonal dimension worldwide in recent years. Consequently, the severity of seasonal hunger caused by agricultural crop cycles has lessened substantially. Yet in agricultural pockets scattered throughout Sub-Saharan Africa and Asia, seasonal hunger persists, especially among the rural poor, owing primarily to idiosyncratic shocks caused by agricultural seasonality. More than four-

fifths of the world's poor live in rural area