Record Nr. UNINA9910461099103321 Autore Harvey Paul <1961-> Titolo Moses, Jesus, and the trickster in the evangelical South [[electronic resource] /] / Paul Harvey Athens, : University of Georgia Press, c2012 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-280-49171-X 9786613586940 0-8203-4374-9 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (198 p.) Collana Mercer University Lamar memorial lectures ; ; no. 52 Disciplina 280/.40975 Evangelicalism - Southern States - History Soggetti Christianity and culture - Southern States - History Race relations - Religious aspects - Protestant churches - History Tricksters - Southern States Electronic books. Southern States Church history Southern States Race relations History Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Cover -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- A Note on Illustrations and Endnotes -- INTRODUCTION. What Is the Soul of Man? -- CHAPTER ONE. Moses, Jesus, Absalom, and the Trickster: Narratives of the Evangelical South -- CHAPTER TWO. "'Because I Was a Master'": Religion, Race, and Southern Ideas of Freedom -- CHAPTER THREE. Suffering Saint: Jesus in the South -- Notes -- Index. Sommario/riassunto Paul Harvey uses four characters that are important symbols of religious expression in the American South to survey major themes of religion, race, and southern history. The figure of Moses helps us better understand how whites saw themselves as a chosen people in situations of suffering and war and how Africans and African Americans reworked certain stories in the Bible to suit their own purposes. By applying the figure of Jesus to the central concerns of life, Harvey argues, southern evangelicals were instrumental in turning him into an

American figure. The ghostly presence of the Trickster, hovering at the edges of the sacred world, sheds light on the Euro-American and African American folk religions that existed alongside Christianity. Finally, Harvey explores twentieth-century renderings of the biblical story of Absalom in William Faulkner's Absalom, Absalom and in works from Toni Morrison and Edward P. Jones.Harvey uses not only biblical and religious sources but also draws on literature, mythology, and art. He ponders the troubling meaning of "religious freedom" for slaves and later for blacks in the segregated South. Through his cast of four central characters, Harvey reveals diverse facets of the southern religious experience, including conceptions of ambiguity, darkness, evil, and death.