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Impact of Power Reliability on Electricity Adoption Figure 3.3 Electricity Outages, by Rural Electrification Rates for Selected States, 2005; Table 3.1 Extent of Kerosene Used for Household Lighting in Rural India, 2005; Table 3.2 Power Outages and Kerosene Use for Households with Grid Electricity, 2005; Household Affordability; Figure 3.4 Effect of Supply Reliability on Household Adoption in Electrified Villages, 2005; Figure 3.5 Electricity Expenditure as a Share of Household Budget, 2000 and 2010; Box 3.2 Measuring Affordability of Electricity Service
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Sommario/riassunto

India has been one of the world's leading developing countries in providing electricity to both rural and urban populations. The country's rural energy policies and institutions have contributed greatly to reducing the number of people globally who continue to lack access to electricity. By late 2012, the national electricity grid had reached 92 percent of India's rural villages, about 880 million people. Yet, owing mainly to its large population, India still has by far the world's largest number of households without electricity. About 311 million people still live without electricity, and th

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