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ReferencesA case for the multifactorial assessment of learner language: The uses of may and can in French-English interlanguage; 1. Introduction and overview; 2. Setting the stage; 3. Data and methods; 4. Results and discussion; 5. Concluding remarks; References; Dutch causative constructions: Quantification of meaning and meaning of quantification; 1. Introduction; 2. Dutch causative constructions; 3. Data and variables; 4. Statistical analysis; 5. Linguistic interpretation of the statistical models; 6. Conclusion; References
The semasiological structure of Polish myslec 'to think': A study in verb-prefix semantics1. Introduction; 2. Introspective conceptual analysis of the prefixed forms of myslec 'to think' in Polish; 3. The corpus; 4. Feature annotation; 5. Multivariate analysis of the results of feature annotation; 6. Conclusion; References; A multifactorial corpus analysis of grammatical synonymy: The Estonian adessive and adposition peal ; 1. Introduction; 2. The Estonian adessive case and the adposition peal 'on'; 3. The data sample; 4. Corpus-linguistic operationalizations and monofactorial results
5. Multifactorial results. Logistic regression analysis

Sommario/riassunto

This text offers an introduction to binary logistic regression, a confirmatory technique for statistically modelling the effect of one or several predictors on a binary response variable. It is explained why logistic regression is exceptionally well suited for the comparison of near-synonyms in corpus data; the technique allows the researcher to identify the different factors that have an impact on the choice between near synonyms, and to tease apart their respective effects. Moreover, the technique is well suited to deal with the type of unbalanced data sets that are typical of Corpus Linguis