Record Nr. UNINA9910459706503321 Memory detection: theory and application of the concealed information **Titolo** test / / edited by Bruno Verschuere, Gershon Ben-Shakhar, Ewout Meijer [[electronic resource]] Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,, 2011 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-107-21797-0 1-139-03614-9 1-283-05457-4 9786613054579 0-511-97519-8 1-139-04160-6 1-139-04237-8 1-139-04500-8 1-139-03846-X 1-139-04083-9 1 online resource (xvii, 319 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Descrizione fisica Disciplina 363.25/4 Soggetti Lie detectors and detection Memory Deception Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015). Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Machine generated contents note: Part I. Introduction: Introduction. Science on the rise: birth and development of the Concealed Information Test Christopher J. Patrick; 1. Encouraging the use of the

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Sommario/riassunto

Traditional techniques for detecting deception, such as the 'lie-detector test' (or polygraph), are based upon the idea that lying is associated with stress. However, it is possible that people telling the truth will experience stress, whereas not all liars will. Because of this, the validity of such methods is questionable. As an alternative, a knowledge-based approach known as the 'Concealed Information Test' has been developed which investigates whether the examinee recognizes secret information - for example a crime suspect recognizing critical crime details that only the culprit could know. The Concealed Information Test has been supported by decades of research, and is used widely in Japan. This is the first book to focus on this exciting approach and will be of interest to law enforcement agencies and academics and professionals in psychology, criminology, policing and law.