Record Nr. UNINA9910459647803321 Autore Lange Carsten Hjort Titolo Res publica constituta [[electronic resource]]: Actium, Apollo, and the accomplishment of the triumviral assignment / / by Carsten Hjort Lange Leiden;; Boston,: Brill, 2009 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-282-60287-X 9786612602870 90-474-2846-3 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (248 p.) Impact of empire, , 1572-0500 ; ; v. 10 Collana Disciplina 937/.05 Soggetti Actium, Battle of, 31 B.C Political culture - Rome Propaganda, Roman Ideology - Political aspects - Rome Apollo (Greek deity) War memorials - Rome Electronic books. Rome History Civil War, 43-31 B.C Rome Politics and government 265-30 B.C Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. [203]-219) and index. Nota di contenuto Preliminary Materials / C. Hjort Lange -- Introduction / C. Hjort Lange -- Chapter One. The Triumvirate / C. Hjort Lange -- Chapter Two. Approach To War / C. Hjort Lange -- Chapter Three. Decisive Conflict (s) / C. Hjort Lange -- Chapter Four. Onsite Commemorations Of The Battle Of Actium / C. Hjort Lange -- Chapter Five. Waiting For Caesar / C. Hjort Lange -- Chapter Six. Res Publica Constituta / C. Hjort Lange -- Conclusion / C. Hjort Lange -- Bibliography / C. Hjort Lange --

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Sommario/riassunto

The years surrounding the decisive battle of Actium in 31 BC, and the various measures undertaken by the victor Augustus to create and legitimate a new system of government in Rome are among the most

discussed aspects of Roman history. This book re-evaluates Augustus' rise to power, first as triumvir along with Antonius and Lepidus, and then as sole ruler, focusing particularly on the part played by propaganda and ideological claims. Augustus is shown to have acknowledged the Actium war as a civil as well as an external war, and the commemorations of the battle at the site and in Rome are reassessed, along with the role ascribed to Apollo in the victory. The celebrated settlement of 28-27 BC is shown to have constituted the accomplishment of the triumviral assignment.