Record Nr. UNINA9910459644803321 Autore Konuk Kader Titolo East-West mimesis [[electronic resource]]: Auerbach in Turkey // Kader Konuk Pubbl/distr/stampa Stanford, Calif., : Stanford University Press, c2010 **ISBN** 0-8047-7575-3 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (316 p.) Altri autori (Persone) HolbrookVictoria 1 4 1 809 Disciplina В Literary historians - Turkey - Istanbul Soggetti Philologists - Turkey - Istanbul Jewish refugees - Turkey - Istanbul Humanism - Turkey - History - 20th century Electronic books. Turkey Intellectual life 20th century Europe Intellectual life Turkish influences Turkey Civilization Western influences Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- Illustrations -- Acknowledgments --Introduction -- 1. Humanism Goes East -- 2. Turkish Humanism -- 3. Mimicry in Modern Turkey -- 4. Germany on the Bosporus -- 5. Writing Mimesis in Istanbul -- Epiloque: Turkev's Humanist Legacy --Appendix: Lectures by Erich Auerbach in Turkey -- Notes -- References -- Index East West Mimesis follows the plight of German-Jewish humanists who Sommario/riassunto escaped Nazi persecution by seeking exile in a Muslim-dominated society. Kader Konuk asks why philologists like Erich Auerbach found humanism at home in Istanbul at the very moment it was banished from Europe. She challenges the notion of exile as synonymous with intellectual isolation and shows the reciprocal effects of German

émigrés on Turkey's humanist reform movement. By making literary critical concepts productive for our understanding of Turkish cultural

history, the book provides a new approach to the study of East-West relations. Central to the book is Erich Auerbach's Mimesis: The Representation of Reality in Western Literature, written in Istanbul after he fled Germany in 1936. Konuk draws on some of Auerbach's key concepts—figura as a way of conceptualizing history and mimesis as a means of representing reality—to show how Istanbul shaped Mimesis and to understand Turkey's humanist reform movement as a type of cultural mimesis.