1. Record Nr. UNINA9910459522603321 Autore Gallarotti Giulio M. Titolo Cosmopolitan power in international relations: a synthesis of realism, neoliberalism, and constructivism / / Giulio M. Gallarotti [[electronic resource]] Pubbl/distr/stampa Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,, 2010 **ISBN** 0-511-86185-0 1-107-20383-X 1-282-94189-5 9786612941894 0-511-76083-3 0-511-85949-X 0-511-85862-0 0-511-86036-6 0-511-85775-6 0-511-85688-1 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (x, 315 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Disciplina 327.101 Soggetti International relations - Philosophy Power (Social sciences) Realism - Political aspects Neoliberalism Cultural relations Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 08 Oct 2015). Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Machine generated contents note: Introduction; 1. The theory of cosmopolitan power; 2. Crucial-case textual analysis of the founding fathers of Realism: the classical inspirations; 3. Crucial-case textual analysis of the founding fathers of Realism: the modern inspirations; 4. Case studies of soft empowerment: free trade, the classical gold standard, and dollarization; 5. Case study of hard disempowerment: U. S. foreign policy and the Bush doctrine; 6. Case study of soft

empowerment: the power of modern American culture; 7. Conclusions.

## Sommario/riassunto

How can nations optimize their power in the modern world system? Realist theory has underscored the importance of hard power as the ultimate path to national strength. In this vision, nations require the muscle and strategies to compel compliance and achieve their full power potential. But in fact, changes in world politics have increasingly encouraged national leaders to complement traditional power resources with more enlightened strategies oriented around the use of soft power resources. The resources to compel compliance have to be increasingly integrated with the resources to cultivate compliance. Only through this integration of hard and soft power can nations truly achieve their greatest strength in modern world politics, and this realization carries important implications for competing paradigms of international relations. The idea of power optimization can only be delivered through the integration of the three leading paradigms of international relations: Realism, Neoliberalism, and Constructivism.