Record Nr. UNINA9910459312603321 Autore Drahos Peter <1955-> **Titolo** The global governance of knowledge: patent offices and their clients / / Peter Drahos [[electronic resource]] Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,, 2010 Pubbl/distr/stampa 0-511-73938-9 **ISBN** 1-107-20505-0 1-282-53639-7 9786612536397 0-511-67904-1 0-511-68227-1 0-511-67779-0 0-511-68425-8 0-511-67658-1 0-511-68029-5 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xv, 351 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Disciplina 346.04/86 Soggetti Patent laws and legislation Globalization Inglese Lingua di pubblicazione **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 19 Feb 2016). Note generali Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Patent offices and the global governance of knowledge -- Labyrinths and catacombs: patent office procedure -- The rise of patent offices--The sun and its planets: the European Patent Office and National Offices-- The USPTO and JPO -- The age of trilaterals and the spirit of co-operation-- The jewel in the crown: India's Patent Office -- The dragon and the tiger: China and South Korea -- Joining the patent office conga line: Brazil -- Islands and regions in the patent stream --Reclaiming the patent social contract -- Patent administration sovereignty: nodal solutions for small countries, developing countries. Sommario/riassunto Patent offices around the world have granted millions of patents to

multinational companies. Patent offices are rarely studied and yet they are crucial agents in the global knowledge economy. Based on a study

of forty-five rich and poor countries that takes in the world's largest and smallest offices, Peter Drahos argues that patent offices have become part of a globally integrated private governance network, which serves the interests of multinational companies, and that the Trilateral Offices of Europe, the USA and Japan make developing country patent offices part of the network through the strategic fostering of technocratic trust. By analysing the obligations of patent offices under the patent social contract and drawing on a theory of nodal governance, the author proposes innovative approaches to patent office administration that would allow developed and developing countries to recapture the public spirit of the patent social contract.