Record Nr. UNINA9910459150703321 Autore Romaniuk Peter Titolo Multilateral counter-terrorism: the global politics of cooperation and contestation / / Peter Romaniuk London;; New York:,: Routledge,, 2010 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-135-15698-0 1-135-15699-9 1-282-57135-4 9786612571350 0-203-85741-0 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (239 pages) Collana Routledge global institutions 363.325/17 Disciplina Soggetti Terrorism - Prevention - International cooperation Terrorism - Prevention - International cooperation - History - 20th century Security, International Security, International - History - 20th century Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Tables: Foreword: Acknowledgements: Abbreviations and acronyms: Introduction: Defining, describing, and analyzing multilateral counterterrorism; 1 Historical precedents for multilateral counter-terrorism: Anti-anarchist cooperation and the League of Nations; 2 Multilateral counter-terrorism and the United Nations, 1945-2001; 3 Multilateral counter-terrorism and the United Nations after 9/11; 4 Multilateral counter-terrorism beyond the UN; 5 Multilateral counter-terrorism: Today and tomorrow Appendix A: International legal instruments related to terrorismAppendix B: UN Security Council resolution 1373; Appendix C: The United Nations Global Counter-terrorism Strategy; Notes; Select bibliography; Index Sommario/riassunto Contemporary terrorism is a global phenomenon requiring a globalized

response. In this book Peter Romaniuk aims to assess to what extent

states seek multilateral responses to the threats they face from terrorists. Providing a concise history and a clear discussion of current patterns of counter-terrorist co-operation, this book:analyses a wide spectrum of institutions from the United Nations and its various bodies to military, intelligence and law enforcement agencies, explains the full range of cooperative counter-terrorist activities and the patterns across them, from the use of intelligence and military force to criminal law measures, financial controls and diplomacy, examines under what conditions states cooperate to suppress terrorism, valuates how existing international institutions been affected by the US-led "global war on terror," launched after the 9/11 terrorist attacks. The book contests that the whilst there are several notable examples of successful counterterrorism cooperation, past and present, this work suggests that the broader trend can only be understood if we accept that across the domains of counter-terrorism policy, cooperation often resembles a competition for influence over outcomes.