

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910455056703321
Autore	Gooptu Nandini
Titolo	The politics of the urban poor in early twentieth-century India / / Nandini Gooptu [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge : , : Cambridge University Press, , 2001
ISBN	1-107-11203-6 1-139-25225-9 1-283-34209-X 9786613342096 1-139-15972-0 1-139-15516-4 0-511-05272-3 0-511-15291-4 0-511-01757-X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xxiii, 464 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Collana	Cambridge studies in Indian history and society ; ; 8
Disciplina	305.569/0954
Soggetti	Urban poor - India Rural-urban migration - India
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 08 Oct 2015).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 431-447) and index.
Nota di contenuto	1. The study and its perspectives -- Pt. I. Changing conditions and experiences in interwar north India. 2. The poor in the urban setting. 3. Urban local policies and the poor. 4. Urban policing and the poor -- Pt. II. Modes of political action and perception. 5. Untouchable assertion. 6. Militant Hinduism. 7. Resurgent Islam. 8. Nationalist action. 9. Congress socialist mobilisation. 10. The politics of exclusion and the 'virtuous deprived'.
Sommario/riassunto	Nandini Gooptu's magisterial 2001 history of the labouring poor in India represents a tour-de-force. By focusing on the role of the poor in caste, religious and nationalistic politics, and on their contribution to the urban economy, the author demonstrates how they emerged as a major social factor in South Asia during the interwar period. The empirical material, concentrated on Uttar Pradesh, provides compelling

insights into what it meant to be poor in the urban environment: exploitation in the workplace, the problems of finding housing, police harassment, social and political exclusion by the elite. Approaching the history of early twentieth-century Indian politics from this perspective, the author takes issue with current interpretations of sectarian and nationalist politics which argue the salience of community identity and the irrelevance of class in political analysis. This book will interest those concerned with urban social history, ethnic and sectarian conflict, nationalism, and the politics of poverty, labour and class relations.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910459038103321
Autore	Pontecorvo Giulio <1923->
Titolo	Fisheries management [[electronic resource] ] : pandemic failure, workable solutions / / Giulio Pontecorvo, William E. Schrank ; with contributions by Mark Holliday, Donald B. Olson
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Bingley, : Emerald, 2009
ISBN	1-282-73578-0 9786612735783 1-84855-217-3
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (200 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	SchrankWilliam E. <1940->
Disciplina	338.372
Soggetti	Fishery management Fishery management - Environmental aspects Fishery management - Economic aspects Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Fisheries Management: Pandemic Failure, Workable Solutions; Copyright page; Contents; List of Contributors; List of Figures; List of Tables; Acknowledgments; Introduction; Chapter 1. Trends in Capture Fisheries and Aquaculture; Chapter 2. Climate, Fish Populations, and Fisheries; Chapter 3. Evolution of Fisheries Statistics in the United States; Chapter 4. The Supply of Fish and Fishery Management; Chapter

5. Economics and Policy Options; Chapter 6. Conclusion; Appendix A; Appendix B; Appendix C; Appendix D; References; Index

---

Sommario/riassunto

Examines the underlying root causes of our failure to successfully manage the fishery resources of the world's oceans and offers alternative solutions that will allow human society to maximize the long term benefits from ocean resources. This monograph is of interest to academics in economics, business, environmental sciences and sociology.

---