

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910458958903321
Autore	Bos A. P
Titolo	Aristotle, On the life-bearing spirit (De spiritu) [[electronic resource]] : a discussion with Plato and his predecessors on pneuma as the instrumental body of the soul / / introduction, translation, and commentary by Abraham P. Bos and Rein Ferwerda
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leiden ; ; Boston, : Brill, 2008
ISBN	1-283-06061-2 9786613060617 90-474-3268-1
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (219 p.)
Collana	Brill eBook titles 2008
Altri autori (Persone)	FerwerdaR (Rein)
Disciplina	128/.1
Soggetti	Soul Psychology Life Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [197]-199) and indexes.
Nota di contenuto	Preliminary Materials / A.P. Bos and R. Ferwerda -- Introduction / A.P. Bos and R. Ferwerda -- Translation / A.P. Bos and R. Ferwerda -- Commentary / A.P. Bos and R. Ferwerda -- Appendix. De Partibus Animalium I 1 Opposing Views On Respiration In Plato And Aristotle Discussed In De Partibus Animalium I 1, 642a31–B4 / A.P. Bos and R. Ferwerda -- Bibliography / A.P. Bos and R. Ferwerda -- Index Locorum / A.P. Bos and R. Ferwerda -- Index Nominum / A.P. Bos and R. Ferwerda.
Sommario/riassunto	In contrast to what is often thought, the work De spiritu is entirely Aristotelian. It provides an indispensable part of Aristotle's philosophy of living nature. In this work he is the first Greek to argue that the most fundamental vital principle is not breath but vital heat. This vital heat forms a unity with the soul, as its instrumental body (sôma organikon). The treatise is mainly a debate with Plato's Timaeus . This new book consists of an Introduction, a Translation, and an extensive Commentary on the text of De spiritu . The main value of this book is

to show convincingly that Aristotle's theory of soul and biology have been misconstrued since 200 AD due to the intervention of Alexander of Aphrodisias.
