1.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910458704603321
	Titolo	Occupancy estimation and modeling [[electronic resource]] : inferring patterns and dynamics of species / / Darryl I. MacKenzie ... [et al]
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Amsterdam ; ; Boston, : Elsevier, c2006
	ISBN	1-280-62849-9
		9786610628490
		0-08-045504-2
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (343 p.)
	Altri autori (Persone)	MacKenzieDarryl I
	Disciplina	591.7/88/015118
	Soggetti	Animal populations - Estimates
		Animal populations - Mathematical models
		Electronic books.
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 293-312).
	Nota di contenuto	Front cover; Title page; Copyright page; Table of Contents; Preface; Acknowledgments; CHAPTER 1: Introduction; 1.1. OPERATIONAL DEFINITIONS; 1.2. SAMPLING ANIMAL POPULATIONS AND COMMUNITIES: GENERAL PRINCIPLES; WHY?; WHAT?; HOW?; 1.3. INFERENCE ABOUT DYNAMICS AND CAUSATION; GENERATION OF SYSTEM DYNAMICS; STATICS AND PROCESS VS. PATTERN; 1.4. DISCUSSION; CHAPTER 2: Occupancy in Ecological Investigations; 2.1. GEOGRAPHIC RANGE; 2.2. HABITAT RELATIONSHIPS AND RESOURCE SELECTION; 2.3. METAPOPULATION DYNAMICS; INFERENCE BASED ON SINGLE-SEASON DATA; INFERENCE BASED ON MULTIPLE-SEASON DATA 2.4. LARGE-SCALE MONITORING2.5. MULTISPECIES OCCUPANCY DATA; INFERENCE BASED ON STATIC OCCUPANCY PATTERNS; INFERENCE BASED ON OCCUPANCY DYNAMICS; 2.6. DISCUSSION; CHAPTER 3: Fundamental Principles of Statistical Inference; 3.1. DEFINITIONS AND KEY CONCEPTS; RANDOM VARIABLES, PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS, AND THE LIKELIHOOD FUNCTION; EXPECTED VALUES; INTRODUCTION TO METHODS OF ESTIMATION; PROPERTIES OF POINT ESTIMATORS; Bias; Precision (Variance and Standard Error); Accuracy (Mean Squared Error); COMPUTER-INTENSIVE METHODS; 3.2. MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD

Sommario/riassunto	Occupancy Estimation and Modeling is the first book to examine the latest methods in analyzing presence/absence data surveys. Using four classes of models (single-species, single-season; single-species, multiple season; multiple-species, single-season; and multiple-species, multiple-season), the authors discuss the practical sampling situation, present a likelihood-based model enabling direct estimation of the occupancy-related parameters while allowing for imperfect detectability, and make recommendations for designing studies using these models.* Provides authoritative insigh