Record Nr. UNINA9910458016603321 Autore Ober Josiah Titolo Mass and elite in democratic Athens [[electronic resource]]: rhetoric, ideology, and the power of the people / / by Josiah Ober Princeton, N.J., : Princeton University Press, c1989 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-4008-1285-2 1-282-75146-8 9786612751462 1-4008-2051-0 Edizione [Course Book] Descrizione fisica 1 recurso electrónico (409 p.) Political participation - Greece - Athens Soggetti Political leadership - Greece - Athens Electronic books. Athens (Greece) Politics and government Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Includes index. Nota di bibliografia Bibliography: p. 364-381. Nota di contenuto Front matter -- CONTENTS -- Preface -- Abbreviations -- CHAPTER I. Democracy: Athenian and Modern -- CHAPTER II. History of the Athenian "Constitution": A Diachronic Survey -- CHAPTER III. Public Speakers and Mass Audiences -- CHAPTER IV. Ability and Education: The Power of Persuasion -- CHAPTER V. Class: Wealth, Resentment, and Gratitude -- CHAPTER VI. Status: Noble Birth and Aristocratic Behavior -- CHAPTER VII. Conclusions: Dialectics and Discourse -- Appendix: Catalogue of Speeches and Citation Index -- Select Bibliography --Index Sommario/riassunto This book asks an important question often ignored by ancient historians and political scientists alike: Why did Athenian democracy work as well and for as long as it did? Josiah Ober seeks the answer by analyzing the sociology of Athenian politics and the nature of communication between elite and nonelite citizens. After a preliminary survey of the development of the Athenian "constitution," he focuses on

the role of political and legal rhetoric. As jurymen and Assemblymen, the citizen masses of Athens retained important powers, and elite

Athenian politicians and litigants needed to address these large bodies of ordinary citizens in terms understandable and acceptable to the audience. This book probes the social strategies behind the rhetorical tactics employed by elite speakers. A close reading of the speeches exposes both egalitarian and elitist elements in Athenian popular ideology. Ober demonstrates that the vocabulary of public speech constituted a democratic discourse that allowed the Athenians to resolve contradictions between the ideal of political equality and the reality of social inequality. His radical reevaluation of leadership and political power in classical Athens restores key elements of the social and ideological context of the first western democracy.