Record Nr. UNINA9910457959503321 Autore Price Roger <1944 January 7-> Titolo People and politics in France, 1848-1870 / / Roger Price [[electronic resource]] Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,, 2004 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-107-15027-2 1-280-54108-3 0-511-21489-8 0-511-21668-8 0-511-21131-7 0-511-31545-7 0-511-49685-0 0-511-21308-5 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (x, 477 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Collana New studies in European history 944.07 Disciplina Soggetti France History Second Republic, 1848-1852 France History Second Empire, 1852-1870 France Politics and government 1848-1870 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015). Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 434-464) and index. Nota di contenuto Dominant classes: the social elites -- Coming to terms with 'democracy' -- Aspiring social groups: the middle classes -- Peasants and rural society: a dominated class? -- Peasants and politics -- The formation of a working class -- The working-class challenge: socialisation and political choice. Sommario/riassunto This 2004 book is about politicisation and political choice in the aftermath of the February Revolution of 1848, and the emergence of democracy in France. The introduction of male suffrage both encouraged expectations of social transformation and aroused intense fear. In these circumstances the election of Louis-Napoleon Bonaparte as President of the Republic - and his subsequent coup d'etat - were the essential features of a counter-revolutionary process which involved the creation of a system of democracy as the basis of regime

legitimacy and as a prelude to greater liberalisation. The state positively encouraged the act of voting. But what did it mean? How did people perceive politics? How did communities and groups participate in political activity? These and many other questions concern the relationships between local issues and personalities, and the national political culture, all of which impinged on communities increasingly as a result of substantial social and political change.