

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910457886803321
Autore	Hoyt Kendall <1971->
Titolo	Long shot [[electronic resource]] : vaccines for national defense / / Kendall Hoyt
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge, Mass., : Harvard University Press, 2012
ISBN	0-674-06315-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (315 p.)
Disciplina	614.4/7
Soggetti	Vaccination - United States Vaccines - Government policy - United States Biological weapons - Safety measures - Government policy - United States Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Disease, security, and vaccines -- Historical patterns of vaccine innovation -- Vaccine development during World War II -- Wartime legacies -- The end of an era -- Biodefense in the 21st century -- The search for sustainable solutions.
Sommario/riassunto	At the turn of the twenty-first century, the United States contended with a state-run biological warfare program, bioterrorism, and a pandemic. Together, these threats spurred large-scale government demand for new vaccines, but few have materialized. A new anthrax vaccine has been a priority since the first Gulf War, but twenty years and a billion dollars later, the United States still does not have one. This failure is startling. Historically, the United States has excelled at responding to national health emergencies. World War II era programs developed ten new or improved vaccines, often in time to meet the objectives of particular military missions. Probing the history of vaccine development for factors that foster timely innovation, Kendall Hoyt discovered that vaccine innovation has been falling, not rising, since World War II. This finding is at odds with prevailing theories of market-based innovation and suggests that a collection of nonmarket factors drove mid-century innovation. Ironically, many late-twentieth-century developments that have been celebrated as a boon for innovation-the

birth of a biotechnology industry and the rise of specialization and outsourcing-undercut the collaborative networks and research practices that drove successful vaccine projects in the past.Hoyt's timely investigation teaches important lessons for our efforts to rebuild twenty-first-century biodefense capabilities, especially when the financial payback for a particular vaccine is low, but the social returns are high.

2. Record Nr.	UNISALENTO991001843379707536
Autore	Mignolo, Walter D.
Titolo	The darker side of the Renaissance : literacy, territoriality, and colonization / Walter D. Mignolo
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ann Arbor : Univ. of Michigan press, c1995
ISBN	047210327X
Descrizione fisica	xxii, 426 p. : ill., map. ; 25 cm.
Disciplina	980
Soggetti	America Latina - Mappe - Storia Cartografia - Spagna - Storia Linguaggio e storia - America Latina
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Include riferimenti bibliografici (p. 385-413) e indice