Record Nr. UNINA9910457838103321 The laws of the Salian Franks [[electronic resource] /] / translated and **Titolo** with an introduction by Katherine Fischer Drew Pubbl/distr/stampa Philadelphia [Pa.], : University of Pennsylvania Press, c1991 **ISBN** 0-8122-8256-6 1-283-21097-5 9786613210975 0-8122-0050-0 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (272 p.) Collana Middle Ages series Altri autori (Persone) DrewKatherine Fischer Disciplina 340.5/5 Soggetti Salic law Law, Frankish Law, Medieval Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. [243]-251) and index. Frontmatter -- Contents -- Foreword -- I. The Roman World and the Nota di contenuto Germanic Franks -- II. Roman Law and Germanic Law -- III. The Franks as Seen Through Their Law Code -- IV. Transmission of Lex Salica and This Translation -- Pactus Legis Salicae. The 65-Title Version of the Code Ascribed to Clovis Plus the Later Sixth-Century Additions -- Lex Salica Karolina: Systematic Version -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index Sommario/riassunto Following the collapse of the western Roman Empire, the Franks established in northern Gaul one of the most enduring of the Germanic barbarian kingdoms. They produced a legal code (which they called the Salic law) at approximately the same time that the Visigoths and Burgundians produced theirs, but the Frankish code is the least Romanized and most Germanic of the three. Unlike Roman law, this code does not emphasize marriage and the family, inheritance, gifts, and contracts; rather, Lex Salica is largely devoted to establishing fixed monetary or other penalties for a wide variety of damaging acts such as "killing women and children," "striking a man on the head so that the

brain shows," or "skinning a dead horse without the consent of its

owner." An important resource for students and scholars of medieval and legal history, made available once again in Katherine Fischer Drew's expert translation, the code contains much information on Frankish judicial procedure. Drew has here rendered into readable English the Pactus Legis Salicae, generally believed to have been issued by the Frankish King Clovis in the early sixth century and modified by his sons and grandson, Childbert I, Chlotar I, and Chilperic I. In addition, she provides a translation of the Lex Salica Karolina, the code as corrected and reissued some three centuries later by Charlemagne.