

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910457838103321
Titolo	The laws of the Salian Franks [[electronic resource] /] / translated and with an introduction by Katherine Fischer Drew
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Philadelphia [Pa.], : University of Pennsylvania Press, c1991
ISBN	0-8122-8256-6 1-283-21097-5 9786613210975 0-8122-0050-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (272 p.)
Collana	Middle Ages series
Altri autori (Persone)	DrewKatherine Fischer
Disciplina	340.5/5
Soggetti	Salic law Law, Frankish Law, Medieval Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [243]-251) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Contents -- Foreword -- I. The Roman World and the Germanic Franks -- II. Roman Law and Germanic Law -- III. The Franks as Seen Through Their Law Code -- IV. Transmission of Lex Salica and This Translation -- Pactus Legis Salicae. The 65-Title Version of the Code Ascribed to Clovis Plus the Later Sixth-Century Additions -- Lex Salica Karolina: Systematic Version -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	Following the collapse of the western Roman Empire, the Franks established in northern Gaul one of the most enduring of the Germanic barbarian kingdoms. They produced a legal code (which they called the Salic law) at approximately the same time that the Visigoths and Burgundians produced theirs, but the Frankish code is the least Romanized and most Germanic of the three. Unlike Roman law, this code does not emphasize marriage and the family, inheritance, gifts, and contracts; rather, Lex Salica is largely devoted to establishing fixed monetary or other penalties for a wide variety of damaging acts such as "killing women and children," "striking a man on the head so that the brain shows," or "skinning a dead horse without the consent of its

owner." An important resource for students and scholars of medieval and legal history, made available once again in Katherine Fischer Drew's expert translation, the code contains much information on Frankish judicial procedure. Drew has here rendered into readable English the Pactus Legis Salicae, generally believed to have been issued by the Frankish King Clovis in the early sixth century and modified by his sons and grandson, Childbert I, Chlotar I, and Chilperic I. In addition, she provides a translation of the Lex Salica Karolina, the code as corrected and reissued some three centuries later by Charlemagne.

2. Record Nr.	UNISA996213061603316
Titolo	Cardiovascular development and congenital malformations [[electronic resource]] : molecular and genetic machanisms [sic] // edited by Michael Artman ... [et al.] ; foreword by Atsuyoshi Takao, Edward B. Clark
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Malden, Mass., : Blackwell Futura, 2005
ISBN	1-280-19706-4 9786610197064 0-470-76256-X 0-470-98866-5 1-4051-4391-6
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (346 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	ArtmanMichael <1952->
Disciplina	616.1042 616.12043
Soggetti	Heart - Abnormalities Heart - Growth
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Cardiovascular Development and Congenital Malformations : Molecular & Genetic Mechanisms; Contents; Foreword; Contributors; PART 1: Establishing left-right patterning and cardiac looping; Editorial perspective; 1. Microenvironment provides left-right instructions to

migrating precardiac mesoderm; 2. Calmodulin-inv protein interaction and left-right determination; 3. Misexpression of upstream laterality genes on downstream mechanisms of heart looping: a flectin perspective; 4. Pleiotropic effects of Pitx2 isoform c on morphogenesis in the mammalian heart
5. Signal transduction during cardiac myofibrillogenesis and looping
6. Biological role of fibulin-2 in cardiovascular development; PART 2: Mechanisms of cardiogenesis and myocardial development; Editorial perspective; 7. TBX5 regulates cardiac cell behavior during cardiogenesis; 8. Cardiac homeobox protein Csx/Nkx2.5 and its associated proteins; 9. Regulation of myocardium formation after the initial development of the linear heart tube; 10. The role of the extracellular matrix (ECM) in cardiac development; 11. Teratogenic effects of bis-diamine on the developing myocardium
12 Proliferative responses to myocardial remodeling in the developing heart
PART 3: Formation of endocardial cushions and valves; Editorial perspective; 13. TGFB signaling during atrioventricular cushion transformation; 14. The endocardium as a unique modulator of in utero cardiovascular form and function; 15. Valvulogenesis: role of periostin in cushion tissue differentiation; 16. Role of fibroblast growth factors in early valve leaflet formation; 17. Msx1 expression during chick heart development: possible role in endothelial-mesenchymal transformation during cushion tissue formation
PART 4: Segment and chamber specification
Editorial perspective; 18. Tbx5 specifies the left/right ventricles and ventricular septum position during cardiogenesis; 19. Transcriptional regulation of ventricular morphogenesis; 20. Fgf10 and the embryological origin of outflow tract myocardium; 21. Evolutionary conservation of atrial natriuretic factor (Anf) expression, cardiac chamber formation, and the heart-forming region; PART 5: Formation of specialized conduction tissues; Editorial perspective; 22. Induction and patterning of the impulse conducting Purkinje fiber network
23. Spatial correlation of conduction tissue in the ventricular trabeculae of the developing zebrafish
24. Development of the cardiac conduction system and contribution of neural crest and epicardially derived cells; 25. The development of the cardiac conduction system: an old story with a new perspective; 26. The role of calreticulin in cardiac development and function; PART 6: Coronary artery development; Editorial perspective; 27. Development of proximal coronary artery in quail embryonic heart; 28. Possible roles of the extracellular matrix in coronary vasculogenesis of mouse
29. Abnormal coronary development in bis-diamine treated embryo

Sommario/riassunto

Congenital cardiovascular malformations are the single most common form of birth defect. Therefore a better understanding of the mechanisms involved in both normal cardiac development and the formation of cardiovascular structural defects is of tremendous importance. This book brings together the leading scientists from around the world who are actively engaged in studies of the etiology, morphogenesis and physiology of congenital cardiovascular diseases. A broad variety of approaches, techniques, experimental models and studies of human genetics combine to make this a truly outstanding
