1. Record Nr. UNINA9910457779403321 Autore Fa John E. Titolo Zoo conservation biology / / John E. Fa, Stephan M. Funk, Donnamarie O'Connell [[electronic resource]] Cambridge: ,: Cambridge University Press, , 2011 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-107-21819-5 1-139-12395-5 1-283-29825-2 1-139-12193-6 9786613298256 0-511-99343-9 1-139-11619-3 1-139-11183-3 1-139-12685-7 1-139-11402-6 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xii, 336 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Collana Ecology, biodiversity, and conservation Disciplina 333.95/416 Soggetti Zoos - Philosophy Animal diversity conservation Captive wild animals - Breeding Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015). Note generali Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Cover; Titles; Copyright; Contents; Foreword G.M. Mace; Preface; Nota di contenuto Acknowledgements; 1 Biodiversity and zoo conservation biology; 1.1 Introduction: 1.2 Species definitions: 1.3 What is biological diversity?: 1.4 How many species are there?: 1.5 Where is biological diversity found?; 1.6 Loss of biological diversity; 1.7 Vulnerability of species to extinction; 1.8 The meaning of rare species; 1.9 Extinctions in recent history; 1.10 Present-day extinction rates; 1.11 Why conserve biodiversity?; 1.12 The science of conservation; 1.13 Zoo conservation biology; Key concepts. 2 Protecting species and habitats2.1 Introduction; 2.2 Systematic

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Sommario/riassunto

In the face of ever-declining biodiversity, zoos have a major role to play in species conservation. Written by professionals involved in in situ conservation and restoration projects internationally, this is a critical assessment of the contribution of zoos to species conservation through evidence amassed from a wide range of sources. The first part outlines the biodiversity context within which zoos should operate, introducing the origins and global spread of zoos and exploring animal collection composition. The second part focuses on the basic elements of keeping viable captive animal populations. It considers the consequences of captivity on animals, the genetics of captive populations and the performance of zoos in captive breeding. The final part examines ways in which zoos can make a significant difference to conservation now and in the future. Bridging the gap between pure science and applied conservation, this is an ideal resource for both conservation biologists and zoo professionals.