

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910457594503321
Autore	Morris Benny <1948->
Titolo	The birth of the Palestinian refugee problem revisited / / Benny Morris [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge : , : Cambridge University Press, , 2004
ISBN	1-107-14422-1 1-107-38566-0 1-280-43760-X 0-511-81665-0 0-511-16546-3 0-511-16618-4 0-511-16425-4 0-511-31295-4 0-511-16505-6
Edizione	[Second edition.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xxii, 640 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Collana	Cambridge Middle East studies ; ; 18
Disciplina	956.04/2
Soggetti	Refugees, Arab Palestinian Arabs Israel-Arab War, 1948-1949 - Refugees Jewish-Arab relations - History - 1917-1948
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 609-616) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Introduction to the revised edition -- 1. Background: a brief history -- 2. The idea of 'transfer' in Zionist thinking before 1948 -- 3. The first wave: the Arab exodus, December 1947 - March 1948 -- 4. The second wave: the mass exodus, April-June 1948 -- 5. Deciding against a return of the refugees, April-December 1948 -- 6. Blocking a return -- 7. The third wave: the Ten Days (9-18 July) and the second truce (18 July-15 October) -- 8. The fourth wave: the battles and exodus of October-November 1948 -- 9. Clearing the borders: expulsions and population transfers, November 1948-1950 -- 10. Solving the refugee problem, December 1948-September 1949.
Sommario/riassunto	Benny Morris' The Birth of the Palestinian Refugee Problem was

published in 1988. Its startling revelations about how and why 700,000 Palestinians left their homes and became refugees during the Arab-Israeli war in 1948 undermined traditional interpretations as to whether they left voluntarily or were expelled as part of a systematic plan. This book represents a revised edition of the earlier work, compiled on the basis of newly-opened Israeli military archives. While the focus remains the 1948 war and the analysis of the Palestinian exodus, the new material contains more information about what happened in Jerusalem, Jaffa and Haifa, and how events there led to the collapse of Palestinian urban society. It also sheds light on the battles and atrocities that resulted in the disintegration of rural communities. The story is a harrowing one. The refugees now number four million and their existence remains a major obstacle to peace.

2. Record Nr.

UNINA9910830230203321

Autore

Zollinger Heinrich

Titolo

Diazo Chemistry I: Aromatic and Heteroaromatic Compounds

Pubbl/distr/stampa

[Place of publication not identified], : John Wiley & Sons Incorporated,
1994

ISBN

1-280-55867-9

9786610558674

3-527-60172-4

Descrizione fisica

1 online resource (457 pages)

Disciplina

547.043

Soggetti

Diazo compounds

Organic chemistry

Lingua di pubblicazione

Inglese

Formato

Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico

Monografia

Note generali

Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph

Nota di contenuto

Methods for the preparation of aromatic and heteroaromatic diazo compounds -- Kinetics and mechanism of diazotization -- The structure of diazonium compounds -- Acid-base and isomerization reactions of diazo compounds in water -- Additions of other nucleophiles to arenediazonium ions -- Structural and mechanistic aspects of additions of nucleophiles to diazonium ions --

Dediazoniation of arenediazonium ions -- Logic, psychology, and serendipity of scientific discoveries -- an interlude -- Applications of heterolytic and homolytic dediazoniations in organic syntheses -- Host-guest complexation of arenediazonium salts -- Azo coupling reactions -- Formation and reactions of triazenes.

Sommario/riassunto

This text provides a homogenous presentation of aspects of diazo chemistry. It is practice-oriented due to a strong emphasis on applications and includes many tables, schemes and literature citations. It should be a useful reference work for synthetic organic chemists.