1.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910457449803321
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	Titolo	Language ideology and language change in early modern German [[electronic resource]] : a sociolinguistic study of the consonantal system of Nuremberg / / Rosina Lippi-Green
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Amsterdam ; ; Philadelphia, : John Benjamins Pub. Co., c1994
	ISBN	1-283-31284-0
		9786613312846
		90-272-7670-6
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (164 p.)
	Collana	Amsterdam studies in the theory and history of linguistic science. Series IV, Current issues in linguistic theory, , 0304-0763 ; ; v. 119
	Disciplina	437/.324
	Soggetti	German language - Dialects - Germany - Nuremberg
		German language - Early modern, 1500-1700 - Consonants
		German language - Early modern, 1500-1700 - Variation
		German language - Early modern, 1500-1700 - Social aspects - Germany - Nuremberg
		Linguistic change
		Electronic books.
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [139]-147) and index.
	Nota di contenuto	LANGUAGE IDEOLOGY AND LANGUAGE CHANGE IN EARLY MODERN GERMAN; Editorial page; Title page; Copyright page; Dedication; PREFACE; Table of contents; LIST OF TABLES; LIST OF FIGURES; CHAPTER 1. LANGUAGE STANDARDIZATIONIN IDEOLOGICAL CONTEXT; CHAPTER 2. NUREMBERG AND ITS LANGUAGE; CHAPTER 3. THE DISTRIBUTION OF VARIABLE CONSONANT SETS; CHAPTER 4. SOCIAL IDENTITY, STYLISTIC FACTORSAND ORTHOGRAPHIC CONGRUITY; CHAPTER 5. STATISTICAL MODELS OF NUREMBERG'SCONSONANTAL VARIATION; CONCLUSIONS; APPENDIX A DEMOGRAPHIC DATA; APPENDIX B CODING GUIDELINES; APPENDIX C PRIMARY SOURCE LIST; APPENDIX D DATA REFERENCESINDEX
	Sommario/riassunto	This quantitative study, based on a computerized corpus of texts written by five men in early 16th-century Nuremberg, employs

multivariate GLM statistical procedures to analyze the way linguistic, social and stylistic factors work individually and in interaction to influence variation observed in the texts. Over 70,000 tokens of variable consonants sets were analyzed, using network analysis as an alternate approach to quantification of relevant social identities, which allowed focus on individual behavior without discarding the analysis of group behaviors.The study provides evidence that conso